THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

THE People's Popular Prescription Pharmacy ALWAYS OPEN. C. E. JONES, 36 Govt. St.

VOL. 19 — VICTORIA, B. C., FRBDAY, JUNE 1, 1894. — No. 134

Souvenirs

Be sure and get a souvenir of Victoria during the celebration at CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S. They have the finest stock of Souvenir Spoons, etc., in the city. Remember the place

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government Street.

15 DAYS.

THE WESTSIDE

Salvage Sale

WILL BE CONTINUED FOR FIFTEEN DAYS LONGER

Having determined to sell off every dollar's worth of the goods which were in showroom at the time of the fire, on MONDAY, the 28th inst., the store will be closed for the purpose of still further marking down the remainder of the stock. Articles really damaged will be quoted at an almost give away price. In other lines 50 per cent. off should make a Clearance. We quote JACKETS and WATERPROOFS at 25 cents on the dollar. Ladies' sets of colored Percale Collars and Cuffs at 10c., worth 40c. Ladies' Blouse Waists (just opened), stylish, at say half usual price.

ON THE GROUND FLOOR will be found a full assortment of high grade Dry Goods, which are being disposed of for Cash at ridiculously low prices. Note:

5-4 Table Oilcloth, best at 25c., usually 35c. to 50c.

Spool Cotton, all numbers, in assorted doz. at 30c., usual price 50c.

Blankets from $1.90; this is a nice soft, white article, at $1.90, $2.75, $3.15, $3.65, $4.00 and $4.25.

Zephyr and other Ginghams, fast colors, sixty patterns to choose from, from 5c. to 7 1-2c.

Dress Goods, a special lot still further reduced to close out.

Prints, Canadian, fast, 20 yds for $1; English, 10c. and 12 1-2c., from 15 to 20c.

Canton Flannels, 15 yds. for $1, White Cotton, 20 yds. for $1.

Challies, best goods, some just opened out, 30c., usual price 45c.

Pongore Silks, fashionable shades and pretty patterns, were 90c., now 35c.

Odd Lots in Dress Goods marked away down.

Saxony Wool, 31 shades at 5c per hank.

Thistle Wool, put up like and almost equal to Beehive, two for 25c.

Corallen Wool, three balls for 25c., used to be 15c. per ball.

China Silk, 27 in. wide, new shades, at 45c.

Kid Gloves.

The Westside Warranted, complete in size and colors. 88 doz. of the Bretagne Lacing received since the sale commenced. We have also "The Stud" and Dome Fasts, all of the very best quality, price $1.00, usual price $1.25.

Calf Gauntlet Gloves, Suede, Bernhardt, and Evening Gloves, up to 20 button lengths.

Kid Palm Silk Gloves, reduced from $1.25 to 50c. per pair.

Lisle Taffeta and Silk Tipped, from 15c. per pair.

THE STORE RE-OPENED THIS MORNING AT NINE O'CLOCK

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
Terms Cash.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Victoria, B.C., May 29th, 1894.

Sporting Shoes

Are now having a big run at our place. LOOK AT OUR PRICES: Boys' Lacrosse shoes, 65 cents; Men's Lacrosse shoes, 75 cents and $1; Men's Balmorals, $1.25. See our Cricket and Tennis shoes.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering.

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and ... of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BY ORDER OF SHIPPERS.

To close consignments, a shipment of the following will be sold at a considerable reduction under cost: Kirker & Co.'s Belfast Ginger Ale in cases (10 doz.); Lime Fruit Juice Cordial, Raspberry Vinegar; Brown & Polson's Corn Flour.

Terms cash.

ROBT. WARD & CO., Ld. L'bity.
Victoria, B. C., June 1st, 1894. 1m

FURNIVAL'S

Furniture Sale

WILL BE CONTINUED

To-Morrow at 2 p.m.

C. R. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER

DANUBE

Meyer Master

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,

—FOR—

Naas River, Skidegate and Way Ports,

Sunday, June 10,

At 8 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.

The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD, Nanaimo, B. C.

je1-tf-d&w

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Victoria City Electoral Districts

Gentlemen:—The general election now being near at hand, and being a candidate for re-election, I wish to place my views on some of the questions commanding your attention, as well as to intimate the line of action which I shall take and the measures which I shall, if opportunity permits, support and maintain.

The party now in power have practically held office for over eleven years. Their policy has been an indefinate one on many of the questions requiring consideration. At the last general election the Opposition advocated reform in the land laws of the province, and have been able to make some important changes.

The privilege of allowing speculators and non-residents to take up large tracts of land has been taken away and the lands are now available for actual settlers.

By the efforts of the Opposition the assessment of wild land has been much improved; the ad valorem principle of assessment according to the land value, is now the law.

There are two essential matters yet to be carried out in connection with the encouraging of agriculture, settlers. First, the surveying of available lands for such a purpose and giving the necessary information by the Lands and Works Department; second, the making of roads to such settlements, so that the farmer may be able to bring his produce to market—such a policy as this must be adopted in order to develop and encourage the farming industry of our province. By so doing we shall add much to our wealth and prosperity.

The railway policy of the Government has not been a business-like one. From the time of the grant given to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway down to the Nakusp & Slocan deal, the interests of the province and the welfare of the people have not been well guarded. On the one hand a corporation receives a large subsidy and an immense tract of land, free from taxation for ever; on the other, a private company is subsidized by guaranteeing the bonds to the full cost of the road as well as interest on the same for twenty-five years. One cannot but come to the conclusion that a Government policy of such character is likely to bring the credit of the province into disrepute.

Monopolies of any kind are to be deplored, but monopolies backed by Government aid and support are often the most difficult to overcome. Government aid to such an extent as has been given in the instances referred to, precludes other roads from being assisted or built. As an instance of this we recognize the difficulty the British Pacific Railway will have in dealing with the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway and its existing rights. Thus by the action of the present Government in the past it looks as if the province were at the mercy of ringsters and monopolists who are despoiling the people of their heritage.

I am opposed to the executive using its power to make large appropriations of money by special warrant for roads, streets, bridges, and public works, without first submitting such to the legislature. Such a course of action leads to favoritism and corruption and is not in accord with the principles of constitutional government.

I have advocated, and will continue to do so, the reduction of taxation on improvements and the abolition of taxes on mortgages. The latter impost presses doubly hard upon the borrower, and the repeal of this law would be in the interest and for the advancement of the province.

The practice followed on the eve of a general election of promising aid to public works and institutions by members of the executive should be condemned, as it is attempting to bribe the electors with their own money. The independent electors should answer this by sending men to the Legislature who will do their utmost to remove such ministers from power.

During the past four years legislation has been brought about, chiefly by the Opposition, in reforming the School Law. The residents of the cities have now greater power over the management of their schools, and more is yet desired in this particular. I shall use my best endeavors to bring this about, so that our schools may be free of all political influences.

I have also advocated further restriction on Chinese immigration and the employment of Chinese by any company seeking charters or grants from the Legislature. I have advocated and still maintain that a clause should be inserted in all bills giving such privileges [illegible] the employment of this class of labor.

I also have advocated the necessity of employing residents of the province instead of non-residents or foreigners in the prosecution of all works or contracts let by the government.

It is impossible in an address of this kind to touch on all questions affecting the province. I hope, however, before long to have the opportunity of addressing the electors in public meeting, at which time I will refer to matters more extensively.

Hoping that my past record as a representative in the Local Legislature has been acceptable to you, I again seek your votes and support.

I remain, yours respectfully,

G. L. MILNE.

WRECK AND RUIN.

Every Day Discloses Greater Destruction

TO PROPERTY ALONG FRASER'S BANKS

The Relieving Steamers Doing Good Work—The Transfer Sails Across Nicomen Island—Gulf of Georgia the Color of Mud—Floating Debris Far at Sea—Mails and Passengers Accumulating.

Vancouver, June 1.—The telegraph wires are still down between Ruby creek and Yale. A communication has been received from Yale, however, which states that at that point the water is now a foot higher than it was in 1882 and the river is still rising.

A dispatch from Ladner's says the river was about eight inches higher last night than it has been at any time during the freshet, while the tides were increasing.

No news has been received here since morning. A steamer is hourly expected from the scene of the washout.

New Westminster, May 31.—The steamer Transfer, on her way up to Ruby Creek to bring passengers and mail delayed for eight days by the destruction of the C. P. R. track, was called upon for many an act of relief of the flood sufferers. Above Langley on the right, ascending the bank, there is a constant succession of small farm houses in connection with the holdings with the lower level, and these buildings were surrounded by water, seemingly standing out in the stream. The wagon roads skirting the streams are washed away in so many places that they are impassable, and Langley is accessible only by steamers.

Ever since the flood on the Fraser commenced to touch the base of the Mission City dyke watchmen have been on the lookout for any signs of weakness. Soon after daylight Monday morning a small leak was discovered. This rapidly became a serious breach, and the settlers on the land from which protection was thus withdrawn were hastily notified, and commenced the work of flitting with their live stock, most of which has now been brought to the high land on the Mission side with little loss.

During Monday there were breaks in several other places. A mile and a half below the railway bridge gave way, so that now the water inside is almost up to the level of the Fraser, which will no doubt reach to-morrow the level lands for three or four miles along the complete length of the dyke. All this land is covered with a great depth of water. Fortunately a great part of this tract is not occupied, being still held for sale by non-resident owners, but there were about a thousand acres under crop, the crops of course being totally destroyed, while the occupants suffer heavy damage to buildings and the carrying away of moveables.

The dyke has been completed since 1889, but this was its first trial. What the owners of the dyked lands will do now they have not determined. Some who have lost all their capital are greatly discouraged, but others urge repairing and strengthening throughout, in confidence that with this extra precaution the fertile prairie which the dyke encloses will soon repay them.

A meeting of all interested is to be held at an early day. One has only to visit the vicinity of the Mission bridge to realize the gravity of the interruption of railroad traffic and the impossibility of immediate resumption of through trains on either side of the bridge. There was several hundred yards of high embankment leading up to the bridge level; the unusual pressure of the water from the swollen river, charged with the immense mass of debris, has undermined or driven away the earth or gravel at the embankment, and at many places only the rails are supporting the ties in their place.

Engine 154 is upon the bridge and cannot get off at either side. The worst feature of the affair is that until the water subsides it will be difficult or impossible to proceed with the work of replacing these embankments, as now it is rushing like a mill stream through the gaps on the Matsqui side of the bridge.

Not only is the embankment carried away as described, but farther on, where the track is laid on a lower level, it is for three or four miles under water, and the settlers rounding up their stray cattle were to-day rowing boats across the invisible line of the railway.

The railway interruptions are all on the Whatcom branch. The great bridge at Mission is no longer thought to be in danger, as it is not thought much more drift will come down, but a gang of men is still watching it. Mission townsite is far under water, the buildings there being approachable only by boats, but the C. P. R. station and the Bellevue hotel, which are situated on the high land, are well out of the water.

Premier Davie made a flying trip here to-day for the purpose of inquiring closely into the flood situation, and ascertaining in what direction government aid could be most advantageously applied. He was in town one hour and ten minutes. He learned that there were about two hundred head of cattle on Barnston Island in imminent danger of perishing, and at once engaged the steamer Courser to proceed there with scows on which to convey the cattle to higher land. Jas. Wise was put in charge of the steamer, which will proceed to portions of the district requiring relief. The Transfer and Gladys have also been chartered by the government and with the Courser form the relief fleet.

The water came up another two and a half inches to-day, and at high tide the level of the Fraser was only seven and a half inches below high water mark in 1882. The situation up and down the river is unchanged. The general impression in the flooded districts is that the worst is over, and the settlers and others can do nothing now but wait patiently for the waters to subside. The cattle have been moved to places of safety and the lives of the settlers are not now in danger. Almost all the damage possible has been done, unless the river rises two or three feet above the 1882 mark.

The new bridge just completed on the North Arm at Richmond is shaky. The water has scoured out the fillings round the piles and there is danger of the structure sustaining serious damage if the scouring continue. The water rose to the 1882 mark at Bon Accord last night. The wires are still down between Agassiz and Yale and no report of the water at the latter point could be obtained. Dispatches, however, came through from North Bend this morning. They were carried by hand to Yale and then by canoe to Ruby Creek. The water in the Fraser at North Bend was a foot higher than in 1882 and still rising. The railway line is open from North Bend to Spence's bridge.

The water rose last night 14 inches over the C. P. R. track three miles west of Mission, but trains passed through the flood without difficulty. The situation at Mission was unchanged to-day. The bridge is still standing, though the approaches on both sides are partially washed out. The Fraser is still pouring through breaks in the Matsqui dyke on to the prairie, which is covered to a depth of from one to ten feet.

The steamer Gladys arrived down from Chilliwack and intermediate points this evening. She brought little news to add to what has already been told. The water rose three inches at Chilliwack last night. Only three families are sticking to their homes on Nicomen island. Two piers of the Mission bridge are shaky, but the structure still stands.

Vancouver, May 31.—The train east was cancelled to-day on account of the C. P. R. company's steamer Rithet being delayed by wind. The following notice was posted up in the C. P. R. office to-day:

"Passenger and mail train will start to-morrow for Mission; passengers will be transferred by the steamer Transfer to Ruby Creek, and thence embarked again on the train for for all points east."

The company do not want to cause passengers any more delay than can be avoided, and it was thought better to keep them here, where they are comfortable in the hotels, than to taking the risk of tedious delays at the Mission. It is thought, however, that they may get safely through to-morrow.

The World started a subscription list to-night with $100 and the mayor and prominent citizens held a meeting tonight to devise means of raising funds for the sufferers. The last report tonight from Westminster is that the Fraser is still rising.

Some conception of the immense volume of water that is passing out of the Fraser at present can be formed from the fact that the Gulf of Georgia is discolored even as far as Plumper Pass. Passengers on the Vancouver steamer were surprised to see many Fraser river toothpicks tossed about by the muddy billows at this side of the gulf. Some of the logs were very large and had the roots sticking far out of the water. The steamers get into the discolored water leaving the pass and are in it until they return to the same place. The Narrows, at Vancouver yesterday, when the tide was rushing out, looked like a bit of the Fraser. Here and there in the gulf where some strong submarine current forced its way to the surface there would be a big patch of refreshing green in the sober setting of dun-hued water.

The flood is all the talk in Vancouver and Westminster, and the greatest sympathy is expressed for the ruined settlers of the Fraser valley.

Although all the Vancouver hotels are full there are many travellers whose narrow means do not permit them the luxury of hotel accommodation. At the C. P. R. station yesterday morning there were groups sitting and standing about near their luggage, who looked as though they had not slept comfortably for a few nights.

When a Westminster west-ender says to a friend, "Let's go over to Levi's hotel and have something," they take a row boat and pull down Third avenue to Tom's place, tie the painter in a neat half hitch around the verandah post and then meander to the place where the "somethings" are kept. Then they row back to the town if they have luck and the tide is still high; otherwise they "hoof it across lots" a foot deep in fine alluvial mud and strewn with logs, stumps and farm truck, "as thick as leaves in Vallombrosa."

The relief steamer Transfer on Tuesday executed a feat which is not likely to be eclipsed for some time. She steamed clear across Nicomen island on her way to some points near that erstwhile beauteous dot of living green which once ornamented the Fraser's tawny stream.

On the streets, trains, trams, steamers, everywhere, one hears all kinds of estimates of the damage done. The loss to the C. P. R. is already enormous, and persons who have arrived from upriver points say the end is not yet by any means.

It is a great sight to see the Fraser booming down past Westminster bearing on its ample bosom whole floes of debris, vast pines and cedars with gigantic roots and branches, mingled with fence rails, gates and great mounds of hay and straw, masses of forest rubbish and the shattered remains of bridges and other works of man. The supply seems to be inexhaustible, and raft follows raft with surprising regularity and frequency. The speed and great volume of the stream impress the beholder with something like awe.

The Columbian says: The complete knock-out to the railway service has also knocked out for the time being the up country assizes, which were to have been held this week, commencing yesterday at Clinton. Hon. Justice Walkem, who was to take the circuit, is detained in Vancouver.

A private letter from Pilot Bay, written on May 28th, gives the following

Continued on Page 8.

SLEW THE MATADOR.

El Esparto, Madrid's Favorite Bull Fighter,

FALLS AS A MATADOR OF SPAIN SHOULD

In Fierce Conflict With El Toro—He Drove the Espada Home, But Could Not Miss the Horn—The Populace See Abundance of Fresh Blood and Yell for More.

Madrid, May 31.—There was a sickening spectacle in the bull pen this afternoon. El Espatro, a well known matador, while engaging the first bull sent into the ring, was caught by one of the horns of the animal and his abdomen ripped open. He died five minutes later.

The bull had killed four horses, and he became extremely fierce when the banderilleros fixed their darts in his neck. Ten thousand persons were watching the fight and the excitement was intense. The bull was almost in the centre of the arena pawing the ground and tossing his head. His eyes gleamed with a wicked light as Espatro approached him with his usual daring, which brought forth plaudits from the spectators. As he got nearer the infuriated bull made a rush for him and kicked him down. The matador was not apparently hurt, for he sprang nimbly to his feet and again attacked the animal, which had wheeled about, preparatory to making another charge upon his enemy.

There was a moment of suspense, and then with lowered head the bull rushed at the matador, who sprang to one side and plunged his sword into the neck of the animal. Just as he did so the bull swung his head in the direction of El Espatro, at the same time lifting it. One of the animal's horns caught the unfortunate man in the abdomen and tore his body almost up to the chest. Blood poured from the ghastly wound in a torrent as the matador sank fainting to the ground. He was at once carried to an infirmary, where the physician pronounced his wounds fatal. A priest was summoned and administered extreme unction to the dying man. In five minutes he was dead.

The spectators, at least the greater portion, did not propose that their pleasures should be spoiled by the death of a man who had been well paid to assist in making a holiday for them, and so the fight was continued as soon as the excitement had somewhat subsided.

All the bulls fought well, killing fifteen horses and flooring two of the toreadors, who were severely bruised.

El Espatro was engaged to marry, and the wedding was to have taken place shortly. He was extremely popular and had made a large fortune. It was his intention to retire from the ring next year.

FROM ALL QUARTERS.

Representative Y. M. C. A. Men Flock to the Jubilee.

London, May 31.—Delegates to the great international and jubilee convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations are rounding up here to-day preparatory to the opening of the convention to-morrow morning. The American delegates gave a conversazione at the Cannon street hall last night, at which many of the delegates from England and the continent were present. George Williams, the founder of the association, was the special guest of honor. Distinguished attentions are being paid by the local committee to Hon. John Wanamaker; Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler, F. P. Raville, J. E. Defebaugh, and others of the American delegates. The arrivals today included two hundred delegates from Germany, 150 from Sweden, 75 from Holland, 100 from France, 150 from the United States, from the Australian colonies and other parts. The international committee decided to get out a jubilee medal in honor of the convention. The opening services to-morrow will take place in Westminster Abbey and the demand for tickets is enormous. Right Hon. Dr. Temple, lord bishop of London, will deliver an address to the delegates. To-morrow evening the venerable Geo. Williams will give his reminiscences of the founding of the Y. M. C. A. which [illegible] history of the organization.

ENGLAND'S CHIEF JUSTICE.

Lord Coleridge Said to Have Resigned His Post.

London, May 31.—Rumors were extensively circulated to-day that the Right Hon. Lord Chief Justice of England has tendered his resignation to Lord Rosebery. The rumor also took the form that the eminent jurist had intimated to a member of the cabinet that he had reluctantly arrived at the conclusion that his long tenure of service to his country was practically ended and that he felt it incumbent on him to announce that the possibility of his resuming his position on the bench was remote. At Lord Coleridge's residence in Belgrave square no confirmation or denial of the report could be obtained. It was admitted, however, that for nearly a month past the Lord Chief Justice had been confined to his bed with a serious internal disorder and that for the past ten days his condition has been serious and that his physician, Dr. John Cavendish Hale, has considered it necessary to call Sir William Broadbent, the eminent specialist, [illegible] consultation. It was also stated that although his condition had in a measure improved it would be impossible even under the most favorable circumstances for the Lord Chief Justice to leave his bed for several weeks. These developments created a sensation, as the fact of His Lordship's illness had been concealed from the public.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal
Have You Tried It?

THE STORY OF A WRECK.

One of Those Lost on the Old Pacific Left Behind a Snug Sum in the Bank.

After Lying Untouched for Years the Money is Claimed by Relatives.

The following interesting story of the old steamer Pacific and one of those who went down on her is from the San Francisco Chronicle:

For many years a snug sum of money has been lying in the Hibernian Savings Bank without a claimant, the owner having perished miserably when the ill-fated steamer Pacific foundered in a storm on November 4, 1875, off Cape Flattery, on the northern coast. Like many other similar accounts whose owners and heirs have failed to appear, this was turned over to the public administrator, who advertised for the heirs. The account simply showed that $4,700 was due Mrs. Jennie Parsons. The money had been placed on deposit in the early sixties. J. D. Sullivan, who is the attorney for the public administrator, learned that Mrs. Jennie Parsons, with her husband and little son and her sister Alicia, were lost at sea in the storm that brought sorrow to so many homes. A few hours before the disaster the steamer Pacific sailed out of Victoria, B. C., with a large passenger list, bound for San Frncisco. She met her fate when trying to weather the treacherous cape. With the sinking of the vessel all trace of the heirs of the Parsons property was lost until recently, when from New York come the claims of a nephew and niece of Mrs. Parsons, and the statement that the family was at one time well and favorably known to the public of this city, but not under the name of Parsons. In the theatrical world Mrs. Parsons was Jennie Mandeville. She and her sisters, Agatha and Alicia, were billed as the Mandeville Sisters, vocalists and comediennes. The old timers of the coast will remember this bright trio of actresses who delighted the public away back in the fifties. They were on the boards of the old American theatre that used to be at Sansome and Halleck streets, where now stands a hotel of similar name. They were poular in the old Maguire opera house on Washington street, between Kearney and Montgomery.

The public administrator's first knowledge of the existence of heirs was in the shape of a petition for the distribution of Jennie Parsons' estate and the proof of heirship of Beatrice Marie States and William G. States. The latter is a prominent physician in New York city. His sister lives in the same city. In her petition, which is similar to that of her brother, she gives her family history, which will be interesting to hundreds of old San Franciscans.

"My grandmother's name was Margaret Gaynor," she says. "She was born in Delany, Ireland, and died in New York city on September 16, 1874. She had three children, all daughters, Jennie, Agatha, my mother, and Alicia. Jennie, the eldest, and Alicia, the youngest, survived her. Having all adopted the stage as a profession they assumed the name of Mandeville, and were all well known in San Francisco in the fifties and later as the Mandeville Sisters. My grandmother was known as Mrs. Mandeville. My aunt Jennie, in 1873, I think, became the wife of Otis Parsons, then interested in the transportation business between New Westminster and Yale, on the Fraser river in British Columbia. She returned with her husband to British Columbia. In 1874 Mrs. Parsons came back with my grandmother to San Francisco, and there gave birth to a son, who was named James Otis Parsons. Some time after the deaths of my mother and grandmother my aunt, Alicia, went to Victoria to reside with my aunt Jennie. In 1875 Otis Parsons, his wife, Jennie, and their only child, and my aunt, Alicia Thorne, all took passage on the ill-fated steamer Pacific, bound from Victoria to San Francisco, and were all lost with the vessel when it foundered off Cape Flattery on November 4, 1875. My aunt Alicia was married to Edwin Thorne, a son of the late Charles R. Thorne, but was, I believe, divorced from him at the time of her death. No children were born to her. My mother, Agatha Gaynor, married my father, William N. States, in San Francisco. She was divorced, and she then married Carlo Orladioni. She died in New York city in 1874. She left two children by her first marriage, myself and my brother, William G. States. None were born of her second marriage. I was born at Paris on February 23, 1866. My brother and I are the only living heirs to my aunt Jennie Parsons, and are the only persons entitled to the distribution of her estate."

The applicant, to properly identify herself, states that she knew Mrs. C. A. Kohler, wife of the music dealer; M. C. Bassett, an attorney; Reuben Lloyd, the attorney, and Mrs. Stark, wife of the late Charles R. Thorne. She says she has not lost or disposed of her interests in her aunt Jennie's estate.

"I remember the Mandeville Sisters very well," said Attorney J. D. Sullivan yesterday, "and I read the petition of the New York heirs with great interest. The sisters were favorites with the old-time theatre-goers. The mother of this girl Beatrice was a singularly gifted singer of opera, and in her day as celebrated as Patti of later years. She married States, a celebrated tragedian, who was a great actor in Shakespearean pieces. After the couple were divorced Mrs. States took a great fancy to an Italian opera singer, whom she married. You see the stage people in early days were married and divorced as frequently as now. Alicia and Thorne could not get along together. Jennie is the only one of the three sisters who stayed by her husband until death. There is no doubt that these claimants are Jennie's relatives, as they say, but they will not get all of her estate. The law presumes that in such a catastrophe, the husband, being the hardier, survives the wife, even though they perish under the same conditions. If the estate under consideration was her individual property both the husband and son were entitled to their respective shares. By the death of the son his share goes to the father, whose heirs can claim the bulk of the estate. If it was community property, as no doubt it was, then the wife's and son's shares fall to the husband and his heirs. So far none of Parsons' heirs have been heard from. Their intricate legal technicalities will come up when this petition is presented to the probate court next Monday. From what I can learn a good portion of the money in question was deposited by Jennie in the Hibernian Bank even before 1860, and may be Parsons added some to it."

MATCH-MAKING MAMMAS

Are not always successful in making good matches. In this they differ from the E. B. EDDY CO., who make Good Matches every day—and even if a flare-up occurs at times and there is a smell of brimstone in the air, the interested persons are satisfied with ... ...

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

"Montserrat."

If you don't know what it is ask your grocer to give you the best **Lime Fruit Juice** that is made, and you are sure to find "Montserrat" on the bottle.

GUILTY OF EIGHT MURDERS.

A Revengeful Japanese Kills All the Members of Two Families.

The steamer City of Pekin brings news of a revolting murder committed in the inferior of Japan. The murderer inside of a few hours killed eight people with a sword before he was arrested. Jealousy was the cause. Osaki Tomekichi was the murderer, and his victims were Gentaro, aged 42 years; Sono Genjiro, wife of a watchman, aged 39; her daughter, Yasu, aged 2; Asakawa Yone, aged 28; Yoneda Narakichi, aged 46; his wife, Kiku, aged 45, and his two sons, Narazo and Narajiro, aged 13 and 9.

About a year ago Asakawa Yone, one of the victims, was in straitened circumstances and she went to live at Genjiro's house. Her relations with the head of the family became the gossip of the village, and it finally reached the ears of Sono, Genjiro's wife, causing a family quarrel. Matters in the family gradually grew from bad to worse, until neighbors stepped in and the difficulty was settled by Tomekichi marrying Yone. The newly married couple did not get along well together, and about ten days before the murders were committed they separated and Yone went back to the Genjiro household. Jealousy rankled in the breast of Tomekichi and he planned revenge.

He visited Genjiro's house in an apparently good humor and induced Yone to go with him into the fields. They reached a pathway far from any habitation, when he suddenly halted and drew his sword. When the woman's corpse was found it had been pierced in more than a hundred places by the weapon. He then returned to Genjiro's house and called out Sono. When they were a few yards from the house he suddenly seized her by the hair and pierced her throat with his sword. He quietly entered the hut and almost decapitated the third victim, a man whom he mistook for Genjiro. Yasu, a little girl, was sleeping in her bed, but the murderer's vengeance was not yet complete and the body of the infant was found mutilated beyond recognition. Then off he started for the house of Narakichi, nine miles away. He rapped at the door and Narakichi's wife, Kiku, came out with a lantern. She was killed by the assassin's sword. Narakichi awoke, but he scarcely reached the door before he fell back mortally wounded. The two children, Marazo and Narajiro, awoke at the sound of the unusual noise and attempted to escape, but the murderer caught them both, and again the deadly sword did its hideous work.

The murderer then returned to the scene of the first tragedy, with the intencarrtion of killing Genjiro, but before he could carry out his design he was arrested.

The murderer is 31 years of age, and under five feet in height.—Examiner.

The visit of the Duke and Duchess of York to Leeds for the purpose of formally opening the extensive new buildings of the Yorkshire college has been definitely fixed to take place either in the last week of September or during the first week in October, and they are to be the guests of Mrs. Mynellingram, at Temple Newsam, which is one of the oldest and most splendid country seats in Yorkshire, situated in the centre of a large diversified and well wooded deer park, which has one of the most picturesque avenues in the county. Temple Newsam is famous for a very valuable collection of pictures, among which is one of the finest Titians in England.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

The elevated railroads of New York City carried during 1893 eight million more people than the previous year. The figures for 1892 were two hundred and thirteen million against two hundred and twenty-one million in 1893. Twenty new engines were ordered during the year. The number of passenger coaches employed is 1116, 75 new ones being added during the last four months. Over two hundred thousand tons of the best white ash anthracite coal is consumed during the year, and 3300 trains per day are run. The employees number 5000, and are all paid by the hour. Twelve hours is the longest time any man is required to work per day on the roads. The maximum pay is $3.50 per day. Engineers earn $100 per month.

Hood's Cured After Others Failed

Scrofula in the Neck—Bunches All Gone Now.

Sangerville, Maine.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I feel that I cannot say enough in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For five years I have been troubled with scrofula in my neck and throat. Several kinds of medicines which I tried did not do me any good, and when I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there were large bunches on my neck so sore that I could

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

not bear the slightest touch. When I had taken one bottle of this medicine, the soreness had gone, and before I had finished the second the bunches had entirely disappeared." BLANCHE ATWOOD, Sangerville, Maine.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

25 CENTS A BOX.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweler, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

SING KEE,

24 Herald Street. Victoria, B.C.

Intelligence Office.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at short notice. Contracts taken. m1-tf

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, 23rd January, 1894. 124

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 23, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS, ALBANY, OREGON.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.
133 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. e19-d

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to Cora E. Tugwell of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Prince of Wales" Saloon, situate on the corner of Government and Cormorant street, in the city of Victoria.

JOSEPH MEUNIER.

Victoria, B.C., February 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the sittings of the Board to be held in June, 1894, for a license to sell by retail wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors in and upon the part known as the basement of the building situate upon lots ten (10) and eleven (11), block seventy-seven (77), Victoria City, the Board of Trade Building.

WM. JENSEN.

Dated Victoria, B.C., May 7th, 1894. 80t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of my licence to sell wines and liquors by retail at Colonial Hotel, Johnson street to John Slater.

THOS. TUGWELL.

Victoria, B. C., 9th May, 1894.

NOTICE.

COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $350; 2nd prize, $150.

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 8-1m

TO THE PUBLIC.

It having been rumored that merchant tailoring firms in Victoria are employing Chinese labor in competition with white labor during these depressed times, we, the undersigned, after making a thorough investigation, are aware that the practice is not general, and we beg to inform the public that we do not and will not employ Chinese labor in the manufacture of our goods.

JOHN CALVERT.
W. D. KINNAIRD,
D. CAMPBELL & CO.,
J. T. BURROWES.
JAMES McCORKALL,
R. J. MATTHEWS.
JOHN McCALLUM, Broad St.
THOS. HOWELL,
THOMAS & GRANT,
F. W. CRESSWELL,
T. W. WALKER & CO.
S. POTTS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Via Revelstoke

TO

Robson, Fort Shepherd,
Slocan, Hendryx,
Ainsworth, Nelson,
Balfour, Pilot Bay,
Kaslo, AND ALL Kootenay Points.

For passenger and freight rates apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots			Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1117
8 30 pm	Lv	Mi	*Victoria	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	29	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	Seattle	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	*Tacoma	Mi	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass Agent, 121 First, Washington, Portland Or.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking roms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. A. MATTHAY, General Agent, No. 4 Adelphi Block, Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, June 9th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa....Thursday, June 28th, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent.
R. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

Umatilla . . . . . June 2

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 10.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

South Bound (Read Up) No. 1 Passenger Daily	South Bound (Read Up) No. 2 Passenger Fri's Sat's & Sundays	Miles from Wellington	STATIONS	Miles from Victoria	North Bound (Read Down) No. 1 Passenger Fri's Sat's & Sundays	North Bound (Read Down) No. 2 Passenger Daily
Ar. 12:30 P M	Ar. 8:00 P M	[illegible]	VICTORIA	[illegible]	De. 3:00 P M	De. 8:00 A M
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	RUSSELL'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SUMMIT SIDING	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	KOKSILAH	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SOMENOS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	OYSTER BAY SID'G	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
De. [illegible] Ar. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	NANAIMO	73	[illegible]	Ar. [illegible] De. [illegible]
De. [illegible]	De. 4:30	[illegible]	WELLINGTON	78		Ar. 12:15 P M

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME !!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1106 Pacific Ave, Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria .... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street.

MAY WEAR "FUZZY" HAIR.

Deaconesses Permitted to Arrange their Coiffures Tastefully.

The appearance of grave and dignified preachers arguing for a particular cut of collar or color of dress to be established as the general costume of a deaconess was the feature of yesterday's session of the deaconess' conference at Grace Methodist Episcopal church.

The discussion over the costume was one of the closing acts of the conference, and aroused as much feeling and enthusiasm among the members as any measure that had come before the body for discussion.

Bishop Merrill presided over the morning session. Bishop I. N. Joyce, Bishop H. W. Warren, Lucy Rider Meyer, Dr. E. S. Tipple and Dr. H. C. Weakley were appointed a committee to adjust all questions of a transfer of deaconesses from one house to another and to decide other questions that may arise.

When the report on costume was taken up there was a hush of expectancy among the delegate deaconesses, which made it manifest that they are sometimes subject to the same vanities as their unconsecrated sisters. The report provided that the members of the deaconess society should wear black gowns devoid of drapery, with gathered or plaited skirts, bishop sleeves and round waists. When turn-over collars were suggested the deaconesses with pretty throats looked complacently at each other, while their less fortunate sisters began to manifest increased interest.

The black gown was adopted without opposition, but when it came to turn-down collars and cuffs of the same style Miss Sarah H. Knight advocated liberality in details, and the recommendation failed to carry by two votes.

Rev. Dr. North, a dignified preacher from New York, surprised every one by defending what he termed "fuzzy hair." In cases where that style was becoming it should be allowed, he said. When one of the committee made haste to explain that the committee did not advocate plastering naturally curly hair down with glue or mucilage the New York preacher seemed reassured.

The members of the committee thought, however, that women consecrated to the Lord's service should be willing to dispense with curling irons and crimping pins and devote the time that most women occupied in standing before a mirror and primping themselves to better ends.

At the afternoon session it was decided to retain the "black bonnet with white ties," which has been worn for a long time. The Boston delegation of deaconesses wanted a gray bonnet, with strings of the same hue, but they were voted down.—Press-Times.

ROYAL COURTESY.

An American's Experience with some of the Crowned Heads of Europe.

An American who has been honored by his country with important missions abroad was talking the other evening of royalty.

"I know," said he, "it is not expected that an American should commend anything he sees among the royalty. I do not know why an American, of all nationalities, should not feel himself independent enough to commend whatever is worthy of commendation, whether it is found in his own country or elsewhere. My positions enabled me to see the life, manners and customs of all classes abroad. That a conventionality hedges royalty around is true, and it could not be otherwise. But the one fact that most forcibly struck me was that, once you got beyond the barrier—once over the conventional line—no people are more delightful, more hospitable, or more attentive listeners. If they are with intelligent people who are below their rank they like it all the better, so long as they feel assured that that fact will be treated with the sacredness they think it deserves. A queen who had honored me with several invitations sent for me one afternoon and asked me to repeat to her some stories I had told on a certain occasion about Lincoln. Her majesty was afflicted with a slight deafness, and after I had retold the anecdotes, she said to me in perfect English, 'I like to hear you talk, because you do not bawl in my ear.'

"On another occasion I was honored with an invitation to attend an outing with the king and his suite to an old forest near the capital. When the company had assembled the king said in a most democratic way: 'We will speak English to-day in honor of the representative of the Great United States.'

"On several other occasions where the rule was French the king and queen always did me the honor of addressing me in English, although they were aware of my proficiency in the court language. I have no wish to see the government of my own country changed. I hope and belive it never will be, but I am not afraid to say that those who are fortunate enough to pass beyond the lines of which I spoke will never regret it."—New York World.

ASKED FOOD FOR HIS ARMY.

An Incident of General Robert E. Lee's Surrender.

The incidents connected with the order for the issue of rations to General Lee's army at the time of the arrangement of the details of the surrender, as given in the account published, are not quite accurate as to the personnel involved, according to my recollection, says a writer in the Washington Post.

I was General Grant's chief commissary, and was present in the room during the interview between him and General Lee. After the terms of the surrender had been agreed upon, General Lee said to General Grant:

"General, I would like my army fed."

General Grant turned to me, as his chief commissary, and said:

"Colonel, feed the Confederate army."

I asked: "How many men are there?"

General Grant asked: "How many men have you, General Lee?"

General Lee replied: "Our books are lost, our organizations are broken up; the companies are mostly commanded by non-commissioned officers; we have nothing but what we have on our backs——"

Interrupting him in this train of thought, I suggested, interrogatively, "Say 25,000 men?"

He replied: "Yes, say 25,000 men."

I started to withdraw for the purpose of giving the necessary orders, and at the door met Colonel Kellogg, the chief commissary of General Sheridan's command. I asked him if he could feed the Army of Northern Virginia. He expressed his inability, having something very important to do for General Sheridan.

I then found Colonel M. P. Small, the chief commissary of General Ord's army, and asked him, as I had asked General Sheridan's chief commissary, if he could feed the army of Northern Virginia. He replied with considerable degree of confidence, "I guess so." I then told him to do it, and directed him to give the men three days' rations of fresh beef, salt, hard bread, coffee and sugar. He mounted his horse immediately and proceeded to carry out his orders.

A CHAPTER ON TEETH.

Changes That Have Been Made in the Dentist's Methods.

The proceedings of the Convention of Dental Surgeons held last week at Washington enables the reader to form an idea of the revolution which has been effected in the science of dentistry within the past few years. Many people remember when the treatment of diseased teeth was intrusted to operators of but slight scientific attainments; in old collections of caricature a common picture represents a sufferer dragged round by a practitioner who holds a sick molar with a pair of tongs. The prevalence of diseased teeth in this country, which has been ascribed to the indiscreet use of iced water and sweets, led to a closer study of dentistry here than in Europe, and for forty years American dentists have been at the head of the profession. But it is only of late years that they have established their claim to the distinction. We have now surgeons of the highest ability who bring to bear on the teeth the fruit of a science as elaborate as that which is possessed by professors of any other branch of surgery. Some of their experiences were explained to those who attended the convention at Washington.

The old remedy for toothache was to pull the tooth. That is a treatment which is now rarely resorted to by skillful practitioners. Teeth are still extracted where is not room enough for them in the mouth—in consequence of the gradual contraction of the human jaw, and occasionally a diseased tooth is the seat of such complicated trouble that it cannot be saved. But as a rule modern dentists seek to preserve rather than remove the teeth. They treat the tooth as a diseased organ, medically and surgically, and if possible they restore it to health. There are a great many ways in which the lancination pain caused by inflammation of the tooth pulp can be arrested, and a good strong tooth is a handy thing to have in the mouth.

Forty of fifty years ago the transplantation of teeth was tried experimentally in this country. It did not succeed, and the practice was abandoned. It has now been revived, and in skillful hands it is a success. The leaders of the profession constantly hammer a tooth drawn from the jaw of one person into the cavity of another, relying upon nature to adopt the intruder and reunite the torn alveolar membranes. It is the same operation as transplantation of the skin.

The whole industry of false teeth making or teeth filling has been revolutionized in the last twenty-five years. In the old practice the fillings and plates were generally of gold. Now the fillings are almost generally of porcelain, consisting chiefly of kaolin, and the best plates are of rubber. When the hole in the tooth has been cleaned out by the instruments made for the purpose, a piece of thin platinum foil is introduced into the cavity and manipulated to take the exact shape of the hole; it is then carefully withdrawn, and forms a mold in which a porcelain cast may be made. Porcelain is far cheaper than gold; good teeth, in any shade of color required, can be bought of the manufacturers for 15 cents each.

Dentists' charges have grown with the progress of their profession. Some of them charge $15 an hour for their time, and not unfrequently $300 for treating a single tooth. Some charges are, of course, exorbitant, and juries generally refuse to allow them. But a man of skill claims the right to put any price he pleases on his skill; if people can't afford to pay his charges they can go elsewhere. The true remedy is to encourage the establishment in business of more dentists who thoroughly understand their profession, and who can afford to give their services to the public for five or six thousand a year.—San Francisco Call.

ANCIENT TELEGRAPHY.

How the Greeks and Romans sent Some Messages in War Times.

The ancient Greeks and Romans practiced telegraphy with the help of pots filled with straw and twigs saturated in oil, which, being placed in rows, expressed certain letters according to the order in which they are lighted; but the only one of their contrivances which merits a detailed description was that invented by a Grecian general named Aeneas, who flourished in the time of Aristotle, intended for communication between the generals of the army.

It consisted of two exactly similar earthen vessels filled with water, each provided with a tap that would discharge an equal quantity of water in a given time, so that the whole or any part of the contents would escape in precisely the same period from both vessels.

On the surface of each floated a piece of cork supporting an upright marked off into divisions, each division having a certain sentence inscribed upon it. One of the vessels was placed at each station and when either party desired to communicate he lighted a torch, which he held aloft till the other did the same, as a sign that he was all attention.

On the sender of the message lowering or extinguishing his torch each party immediately opened the cock of his vessel and so left it until the sender relighted his torch, when it was at once closed. The receiver then read the sentence on the division of the upright that was level with the mouth of the vessel and which, if everything had been executed with exactness, corresponded with that of the sender and so conveyed the desired information.—Boston Globe.

Eczema causes an itching so persistent as to produce, not only sleeplessness, but, at times, even delirium. Local applications will not remove the cause, which is impure blood. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures this disease by cleansing the blood and eradicating all humors.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Miscellany.

A person almost as widely known in the ecclesiastical world as his most reverend master was the late archbishop of Canterbury's coachman. He served Dr. Tait also before his elevation to the archbishopric, while as yet he occupied the see of London. Scores of stories have been told of the peculiarities of this individual, and the following, among others was often related with the keenest relish by his grace: One day when, as bishop of London, his lordship was returning from some meting in the city, the carriage became blocked with some cabs, and the coachman freely indulged in an old-time habit of swearing lustily at the various drivers. The bishop heard him, thrust his head out of the window, and sternly remonstrated. "Beg your pardon, my lord," was the smart reply of the unabashed jehu, "but I heard you tell them 'ere gents as was ordained last Sunday that if you don't speak to people in their natural tongue, you wil. never get 'em to understand you."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Attention

In time to any irregularity of the **Stomach, Liver,** or **Bowels** may prevent serious consequences. Indigestion, costiveness, headache, nausea, biliousness, and vertigo indicate certain functional derangements, the best remedy for which is Ayer's Pills. Purely vegetable, sugar-coated, easy to take and quick to assimilate, this is the ideal family medicine—the most popular, safe, and useful aperient in pharmacy. Mrs. M. A. BROCKWELL, Harris, Tenn., says:

"Ayer's Cathartic Pills cured me of sick headache and my husband of neuralgia. We think there is

No Better Medicine,

and have induced many to use it.

"Thirty-five years ago this spring, I was run down by hard work and a succession of colds, which made me so feeble that it was an effort for me to walk. I consulted the doctors, but kept sinking lower until I had given up all hope of ever being better. Happening to be in a store, one day, where medicines were sold, the proprietor noticed my weak and sickly appearance, and, after a few questions as to my health, recommended me to try Ayer's Pills. I had little faith in these or any other medicine, but concluded, at last, to take his advice and try a box. Before I had used them all, I was very much better, and two boxes cured me. I am now 80 years old; but I believe that if it had not been for Ayer's Pills, I should have been in my grave long ago. I buy 6 boxes every year, which make 210 boxes up to this time, and I would no more be without them than without bread."—H. H. Ingraham, Rockland, Me.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

SAVE Money! Time! Labor!

—BY USING—

THE H. & K.

Self Cleansing Plate Polishing Cloth

NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.

The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.

Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.

The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.

Price 20 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.

For sale at—

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO., and WEILER BROS., VICTORIA, B. C.

The Japanese Bazaar

NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street VICTORIA, B. C.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C. 1y20

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 120 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road

YOUR FRIENDS IN THE EAST

Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia ....

EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

—IS—

A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

WEEKLY, six months - - $1.00
WEEKLY, one year - - - $2.00

Sample copies sent free to any address. All orders should be addressed to

The TIMES P. & P. Co.,
Victoria, B.C.

Argyle House

Just Received

A Manufacturers' Lot of

SAMPLES

Which we bought 30 per cent. below cost price..........

IN

Ladies' Ties,
Womens' and Childrens' Stockings,
Womens' and Childrens' Undervests.
Gloves,
Womens' Jerseys,
Handkerchiefs,
Sox, Etc.

IF YOU WANT

A BARGAIN

GIVE US A CALL.

J. Horner & Co.

83 Douglas Street.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 6th, 1894. ap6-1d

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, Eng., has come to reside in Victoria, and has opened an office at 94 Pandora street. He has for twenty-five years been engaged in general family and obstetric practice, with considerable experience in diseases of children. He also gives special attention to diseases of the chest and stomach. Dr. Williams had several years' practical experience in one of the largest hospitals in London and is a Doctor of Medicine of the University of Aberdeen, Scotland. He has been for many years a member of the Pathological Society, a member of the British Homoeopathic Society and a Fellow of the British Gynaecological Society. He has thus had extensive experience in both the old and new systems of medical treatment.

Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora St., city. Telephone No. 153. m12-1m

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 462.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

MISS FOX, Teacher of Piano and Harmonium. RESIDENCE—36 Mason street, near Pandora avenue. mar21-1m

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Pisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy8 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER, Graduate Philadelphia Dental College, Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

THE Bank Exchange

I beg to inform my friends and patrons that I have enlarged and entirely renovated the above-named well-known resort, and can now justly term it the coolest and most attractive establishment on the coast. A competent Chef has charge of the kitchen and restaurant, which will be conducted on the German style. The new heating apparatus enables me to serve Merchants' luncheon always hot from 11:30 a.m. till 2:30 p.m. and all night after 6 p.m. at 15 cents.

Bill of fare for luncheon includes Soup, Fish, Roast, Stew, and various vegetables, as per daily bulletin board.

Table d'hote from 6 p.m. at 50 cents, including beer or wine. Meals a la carte at all hours day or night.

Three handsome, quiet dining-rooms upstairs, suitable for private and family dinners, served at short notice and reasonable prices.

Direct importer of German Rhine Wines, French and California Clarets, Champagnes, Gilka, Kimmel, Bavarian, Carlsruher, Danish and Swedish Beer, etc.

Now on the way from Berlin, Germany, one of the Non Plus Ultra Concertinas, which proves such an attraction at the World's Fair. G. C. SAUER.

may22-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

CHAMPIONSHIP INTERMEDIATE LACROSSE MATCH —ON— Saturday, June 2, AT THE CALEDONIA GROUNDS

NANAIMO VS. STARS.

Ball faced at 3 p.m.; two hours' play. Admission 25c., Grand Stand free. Seats reserved for ladies. Children under 15 years of age, 15 cents.

EXCURSION!

$2 VICTORIA TO WESTMINSTER AND RETURN $2

Arrangements have been made with the C. P. N. Co. to run their fast and spacious Steamer Islander TO NEW WESTMINSTER ON SATURDAY NEXT, 2ND JUNE,

Carrying passengers at the above low fare. The steamer will leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m., and returning will leave New Westminster at 7 p.m. This will furnish a most delightful trip, and enable all those desirous of doing so to witness

The Championship Lacrosse Match WESTMINSTER VS. VICTORIA,

Which promises to be the most interesting game of the season.

Tickets may be had at the office of the C. P. N. Co. on Wednesday and following days.

Capt. Irving, Honorary President of Provincial Lacrosse Association, will be in command. my30-td

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP—A quantity of dry cocoanuts suitable for poultry feed; for preventing sickness and getting poultry into splendid condition there is no food its equal. Apply F. D. Walker, 44 Government street. m31-1w

FOR SALE CHEAP—8x8 vertical engine, with horizontal boiler and all fittings complete. Apply E. B., care P. O. Box 151, City. m31-3t

FOR SALE OR TO LET—An Ennis & Co. Piano on easy terms. Apply 142 John St., Rock Bay. m31-1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, near Beacon Hill Park, a two-story house of seven rooms, bathroom; indoor w.c., and lot 60x120 feet. Apply X.X., Times office. m29-1w

IMMEDIATE SALE—Easy terms; seven rooms well furnished, filled with respectable roomers; central city location. Owner would rent 2 off purchaser. Illness cause of sale. Apply R. D., this office.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLAR APPROPRIATION in the Victoria Building Association for sale. Apply this week to W. Templeman, Times office.

FOR SALE—The fast sailing schooner "Norma," 52 tons nett register; built of oak, teak and cedar; yellow metal fastened and sheathed; is in fine condition and requires no outlay, except provisions to go to sea at once; 5 years old, and a splendid sea boat. Apply to F. D. Walker, 44 Government street, or Robt. Ward & Co., Limited. m28-1w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a30-tf

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—Terms moderate. 161 Fort street. m30-6t

TWO 6-ROOMED HOUSES to let at $6 per month each; stable $2 per month. Apply 11 Centre street. m30-3t

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—On Dallas road, facing the straits; all modern conveniences. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad street. m26-1w

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—Near Dallas Road, on Wednesday evening, fox-terrier pup. Liberal reward at 55 South Turner St. m31-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

WHERE TO BUY NO. 1 DRY CORD WOOD—At Scotch Bakery, 103 Douglas street; telephone No. 17. Steam wood sawing done in any part of city. Your order solicited. A. C. Howe. m5-1m

F. D. WALKER Commercial and Financial Broker, P.O. BOX 66. 44 GOVT. ST.

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc. 114 Yates Street.

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.

Just received a consignment of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at 83 JOHNSON STREET.

DRESSES MADE From $5 up; Prints from $2.50 up. Will go out by the day if preferred. 131 YATES STREET.

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited; At No. 87 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

The Daily Times.

"CAMPAIGN LIES" INDEED.

The Colonist this morning produced a wonderful tissue of fabrications and vain imaginings, which it most appropriately headed "Senseless Politics and Campaign Lies." We should say so.

Our neighbor asserts that the Times has sought to "lay the imprisonment of Mr. Cotton at the door of Mr. Davie and the government, which is lie No. 1, for the Times has not sought to do anything of the kind.

Lie No. 2 concerns a letter written to the Times yesterday in reference to Mr. Yates' position as school trustee. It is said by the Colonist that the "attorney-general, at the request of the board of trustees, has given a decided opinion that Mr. Yates is fully qualified to serve as a trustee." On inquiring into this matter we have found that Mr. Davie refuses to give any such opinion in writing. As we deal with this matter at some length elsewhere we need here say nothing more about it.

Lie No. 3 is found in this sentence, "Yet the evening before (and the opposition papers on the mainland have the same thing) false and misleading reports are hatched up with the object of showing that the government had refused to charter a steamer to go to the aid of the distressed settlers." There was no report "hatched up," but the fact was stated that the government, or its representatives, had refused to engage the steamer Courser, whose services were offered, and had then come forth with the statement that no steamer was available. Whether the authors of the statement or the Colonist should be given the palm for lying we must leave the impartial public to decide.

These three "whoppers" are from one article. A fourth appears in another effusion. Speaking of the opposition's anti-Chinese plank the organ says: "It simply gives its adherence to the state of things that now obtains with regard to the employment of Chinese. It excludes them from all works undertaken by government or to which government gives its aid, but it leaves private individuals and corporations at liberty to employ them as often and as freely as they see fit." The assertion that Chinese are "excluded from all works to which government gives aid" is about as impudent a falsehood as any that has been perpetrated even by the Colonist. The refusal of the government to permit such exclusion has been so often placed on record that we wonder at the government organ having the hardihood to speak in this way. The Colonist is apparently jealous of the renown which the World is gathering to itself as a campaign liar, and feels bound to parallel the feats of its colleague. Its success is considerable, but we hardly feel like congratulating it upon that fact.

WORSE THAN WASTE.

The man who believes that the public funds of this province are wisely, honestly and economically expended must have a well developed faculty for misunderstanding plain evidence. We have at various times quoted testimony—including some from the government organ at Vancouver—showing beyond question that there has been a great deal of waste. We have given conclusive evidence of the fact that there has been money squandered on public works which were not intended to serve any public purpose. Now the Nelson Tribune quotes another instance of the throwing away of public funds through inconsistency and favoritism. In its last issue it says:

Had the government gone to work with the deliberate intention of throwing away the appropriations devoted to the Slocan district, instead of with the motive of buying the assistance of voters in that section in its forthcoming struggle for existence, it could not have wasted more money or done more useless work than it has already this spring.

In the first place it built an absolutely useless wharf at New Denver. There is not much use in going into the wharf question at this time of day. The citizens of New Denver were not united on the question. Captain Fitzstubbs is said to have stated that if the money appropriated for a wharf had been applied on the road he would build a bridge across Carpenter creek which would have been a monument to his memory in West Kootenay. The wharf is a more suitable memorial. For, although the people were divided on the question, had the gold commissioner been in touch with those whose servant he is supposed to be, and whose interests he was in office to look after, that waste of public money would never have occurred.

Further facts are given by the Tribune in regard to the New Denver and Slocan wagon road. After representations had been made to the government by the residents of the district work was commenced back in the winter on the bridge across the canyon. The result is thus stated by the Tribune:

A few of the New Denver people telegraphed Premier Davie about the condition of the wagon road and the waste of time and money that was going on; and, as a consequence, Mr. Goepel was sent in to investigate matters. It is but justice to Mr. Goepel to assume that his hands are more or less tied by the official or unofficial routine of business to which he has fallen heir. But is there no salvation for the public works in this country? Must mine owners and business men gnash their teeth in vain at losses and delays which the funds at the disposal of the government would easily avert if judiciously expended?

On the night of Monday last a considerable portion of the new works was swept away. The kind of bridge contemplated has been rendered impossible and much of the timber cut is now useless. The creek undermined the foundation of the main pier and carried it away bodily. The engineer went to work and put expensive and costly work on the foundation that would not turn the waters of a creek. What is to be done now? Can there be no change made in the system of expenditure? Is it impossible for the government to let a contract to a competent man both to build the bridge and put the road in repair? If something of this sort is not done, the whole appropriation for West Kootenay may be put on to this short strip of road and there be nothing more to show for it than there is at present as equivalent for the $1000 already spent on the canyon bridge.

Such waste of money we shall always have so long as the Davie government remains in power. Like master, like man; with an executive always looking out for something else than the service of the public, with a spineless and incompetent chief commissioner, what could be expected but a bedevilment of the public works funds of the province? Now certain "disinterested" people are urging that the government should take into its own hands the dyking of the Fraser and the electors are invited to send down representatives who will be ready to approve this wise programme. How much public money are the electors willing to see squandered to provide for a Davie carnival?

TRUSTEES AND NON-RESIDENCE.

A letter published in the Times yesterday concerning the position of Mr. Yates as school trustee called forth a characteristic tirade from the government organ this morning. One assertion made by the Colonist is that Mr. Davie has given the decided opinion that Mr. Yates is fully qualified to act as school trustee. This opinion is backed up by the Colonist's own interpretation of the non-residence clause, put in this way:

With Mr. Yates the case is that he has two locations which may both be termed his residence, one in the city where he carries on his business and resides during the day, the other just outside the city, where he retires with his family after business hours. Under these circumstances it stands to reason that Mr. Yates is fully qualified for a trustee for Victoria city under a law which requires that a trustee must be a resident of the city.

With regard to the attorney-general, as we have pointed out elsewhere, he has so far declined to put his opinion in writing for the guidance of the board. And as to the Colonist's interpretation, it may be of interest to compare with it Mr. Yates' own view of his position, which is given in the following letter addressed by him to the school board:—

Victoria, B. C., April 11th, 1894.

To the Trustees of the Victoria City School District:

Gentlemen:—By the most recent amendment to the school act passed by that assemblage of wise men called the legislative assembly of British Columbia, I have been legislated out of my seat on your board.

The enactment provides, inter alia, that any trustee who during his term of office shall cease to be an actual resident in the district for which he is a trustee shall ipso facto forfeit his seat.

That the minister of education (who had charge of the bill in the house) passed the act without knowing what its effect as regards myself would be, cannot be said; as I personally waited upon that gentleman and informed him that my case was, so far as I was aware, the only instance of a non-resident trustee on any of the school boards at the present time and that I could not sit on the board if the act passed in its then shape.

To do him justice, I must say that he disclaimed any intention of causing my retirement from your board and said that the enactment was intended to prevent a resident (say) of Vancouver, from sitting on the Victoria school board. As such an instance as that supposed by the minister of education has not occurred or called for legislative interference in the past and there has not been, so far as I am aware, any threatened invasion of Vancouverites upon your board, the enactment, if not intended for my own case, does look like a piece of unnecessary legislation.

I may further add that I also pointed out to the Hon. Minister of Education that, if he did not wish the act to apply to my case, the act might easily be rendered quite clear by the insertion of an interpretation of the word "resident" by making that expressly include any person who carries on business in the school district. My suggestion, however, was not adopted, and the result is—I am no longer one of you.

It is a matter of regret with me that I can no longer be of service to you in carrying out to completion the various plans and projects which have been begun while I have had the honor of being a member of your board. In bidding you farewell as a colleague, gentlemen, I have to express my thanks to you for the uniformly courteous treatment I have received at your hands on all occasions, even when I had the misfortune of not being able to agree with the decisions arrived at by your board.

I remain, yours faithfully,

J. STUART YATES.

Doubtless the public will peruse with interest this forcible and clear-cut commentary on the action of the government which l[illegible] the present muddle. People will b[illegible] particularly that Mr. Yat[illegible] waited on Minister Ba[illegible]ut how the proposed cl[illegible] him and showed how it cou[illegible] be modified so as to except such cases as his. If the minister had acted on the suggestion he would have displayed much more intelligence and regard for the public service than is usually to be found in either the inner or outer circles of the James Bay junta. It was only natural that he should fatuously reject the advice.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

EARLY B. C. HISTORY.

Mr. Begg Writes of Simon Fraser and Other Pioneers.

To the Editor: You will oblige by giving room for the accompanying communication, which was sent to the Province, but was not published owing to the want of space in the columns of that paper. Trusting the historical information it contains will be found an equivalent for the space occupied. Yours, etc.

ALEXANDER BEGG (C.C.)

May 30, 1894.

PRIZE ESSAY COMPETITION.

Mr. Editor: In Mr. Knott's letter replying to my strictures pointing out sundry errors in the prize essay (?) he brings forward what he describes as "the influences which impelled the explorer (Fraser) to undertake the expedition." I took exception to Mr. Knott's statement that "in 1806 Simon Fraser, impelled by Mackenzie's account of his adventurous journey, determined to make further researches," and that he "unhesitatingly prepared to descend the stream in a frail canoe." Mr. Knott in his reply says I do not bring forward one fact to disprove what he had stated. The facts and the proof are as follows:

Mr. Simon Fraser entered the service of the Northwest Company in 1792, at the age of 19. In 1802 he became a partner in the company. In 1805—that is, twelve years after Alexander Mackenzie had made his memorable exploratory journey to the Pacific coast—a conference of the partners of the company was held at Fort William, near Lake Superior, to discuss the advisability of extending their operations beyond the Rocky Mountains for the purpose of occupying the territory and to anticipate the United States explorers and traders, who might establish a claim to its ownership by right of discovery and occupation.

It was decided that trading posts should be established in the unknown territory, and that possession should by this means be taken of it. The duty of carrying out this project was assigned to Mr. Fraser. He did his part bravely, but was not "impelled" in the manner which Mr. Knott would lead us to believe. Soon after the conference Mr. Fraser left Fort William, proceeded to Athabasca, ascended the Peace River by Mackenzie's route, established a trading post, which he named the Rocky Mountain Portage, and left some men in charge. He continued his journey to McLeod Lake, which he explored and there left a few traders.

In 1806 he portaged to Fraser River, which at that time was regarded as the main stream of the Columbia. Instead of unhesitatingly rushing down stream towards the Pacific in a frail canoe, he left the main river and followed a tributary flowing from the westward, now known as Stuart river, and so named by Mr. Fraser in honor of his companion, Mr. John Stuart. Mr. Fraser traced this stream to Stuart lake, where he established a trading post, the present Fort St. James. He next proceeded to Fraser lake, which he discovered, and established a trading station there.

In 1807 two canoes with goods, under the charge of Messrs. Quesnel and Farries, arrived from the east, bringing him letters urging him to carry on his explorations to the ocean by the river flowing through the country to the south, in anticipation of parties from the United States—Lewis and Clark having been sent by the United States government to the Pacific coast. Mr. Fraser in 1807 established another trading post on the Fraser, which he named Fort George.

Then in the spring of 1808 he, with Messrs. John Stuart, J. M. Quesnel and a crew of nineteen men and two Indians, embarked in four well furnished canoes to explore the river southwards. In a few days after leaving Fort George, on May 20th, the expedition made rapid progress. On the 1st of June they reached the dangerous canyons. Mr. Knott also errs in his essay when he states "that the passage of the upper course of the Fraser river is at the present time attended with great peril," etc. The difficulties did not commence until the upper course was passed. However, the journey to the ocean, at the Gulf of Georgia, was accomplished by Fraser and his intrepid party. They reached the mouth of the river on the 1st of July, and, returning, reached their starting point, Fort George, on the 6th of August.

Mr. Fraser, in his journal, records that on his trip to the ocean he passed the mouth of a large and rapid river, which he named the Thompson, after his friend, Mr. David Thompson, astronomer of the Northwest Company. It is evident, however, that he had no opportunity of knowing anything further regarding that river, as he returned to the east almost immediately after returning to Fort George. That he did so is proved by the journal of Mr. Daniel William Harmon, published in 1820, which states that he (Harmon) left Lachine in 1800, under a seven years' engagement with the Northwest Company; that under a further engagement he set out for the far west, via Lake Winnipeg, Cumberland House and Fort Chipewyan, which latter place he reached on September 7th, 1808; and that there he met Simon Fraser, who was returning from the Pacific—just giving Fraser time to reach that point from Fort George.

Now, in reference to Kamloops and the mystically obscured sentence which Mr. Knott says I do not seem to have comprehended, and which, I think, would puzzle a Philadelphia lawyer to understand, I merely say that Mr. Knott is yet in error by reiterating that the results of Fraser's journey and the reports he made induced the Northwest Company to establish forts, among which was Fort Kamloops. If there has been any tilting at a windmill, I am willing to allow the impartial reader to decide who is the Don Quixote!

From the fact that Mr. Fraser went east in 1808, as shown above, and that Mr. David Thompson, as shown in his journal, was then in the Kootenay country and engaged in exploring the Columbia; that he subsequently came north to the Big Bend and Canoe river, where the Kootenay trail comes in; that he founded Kamloops in 1810-11, and that he was at Astoria, near the mouth of the Columbia river, on the 15th of July, 1811—it follows that Mr. Fraser could not have influenced or induced Mr. Thompson by any report, more especially, as already pointed out, Mr. Fraser had no knowledge of the Thompson river, further than that it flowed into the Fraser. Mr. Thompson, on the other hand, was in the possession of more information relative to the Rocky Mountain regions east and west than any man living at the time. He had been in the Hudson Bay Company's service from 1789 to 1797; then he joined the Northwest Company and went to the Grand Portage, near Lake Superior; then westward amongst the Mandan Indians in Missouri, as astronomer and geographer to the company; thence over the prairies eastward of the Rockies and north to Athabasca. In 1800 he crossed the mountains to a branch of the Columbia, which he called McGillivray, and afterwards recrossed at different points.

Mr. Knott inquires: "Has Mr. Begg never heard of the Pacific Fur Company?" This is in reference to the operations of the Hudson Bay Company from the south, and that prior to 1822 they had no control in the region west of the Rockies. The following statement will show how little the Pacific Fur Company had to do with the control of Oregon or New Caledonia up to 1822:

Mr. Alexander Ross, who was one of the twenty-eight Canadians who landed at the mouth of the Columbia in 1811, relates in his narrative that he was in Upper Canada when invited by Alexander McKay, the senior partner, to join the company then being organized by Mr. Astor, a German by birth, residing in New York. He proceeded with several Canadians to New York, and there embarked on the ill fated ship Tonquin with a party of thirty-three persons, all but three of whom were British subjects. Mr. Ross was present when Astoria was established, April 12th, and when David Thompson arrived a few weeks later (July 15th, in a canoe with nine men.) The establishment broke up two years afterwards. The Canadian Northwest Fur Company purchased the effects and received a transfer of Astoria.

Mr. David Cox, an employe of the Pacific Fur Company, arrived May 9th, 1812, on a second ship, named the Beaver, belonging to the fur company. Mr. Cox was sent to Spokane to trade with the Indians. He returned to Astoria next summer to find a total revolution. The Pacific Fur Company, he writes, had met with a series of misfortunes. Mr. John George McTavish and Joseph La Rocque, with sixteen men of the Northwest Company, had arrived and entered into an agreement to purchase all the effects of the Pacific Company at a valuation and to give such of the company's servants as desired to return a free passage home by Cape Horn or overland. Many of the clerks were engaged by the Northwest Company. From the foregoing it can be seen how little control the Pacific Fur Company exercised in the region west of the Rockies. It also shows that the Hudson Bay Company had nothing to do with any portion of the region west of the Rockies until 1822. Mr. John McLeod was then selected by the united companies to proceed to the west side of the Rocky Mountains. He was the first of the Hudson Bay Company's servants to cross the mountains. It is recorded that he set out with his wife and two young children from Green lake in 1822. He had been in the old Hudson Bay Co.'s service since 1811, and for the ten years previous to the union of the two was a zealous participant in the contest with the Northwest Company. Yours, etc.,

ALEXANDER BEGG, (C.C.)

JERSEY'S FADED LILY.

Mrs. Langtry Guyed by a Cultured London Audience.

New York, May 31.—An American manager, just returned from London, said to-night, while speaking of Mrs. Langtry's experience the first night of her appearance in "The Society Butterfly:"

"I do not know what Mrs. Langtry has been doing lately to get herself into such bad odor, but I never felt so sorry for a woman in my life as I did on that first night. The lines of Mrs. Langtry's part offered the audience all the opportunity needed. The guying began in the second act. Mrs. Langtry had to remark to another woman:

"'My character is better than yours. There has never been a word breathed against my good name.'

"Instantly a titter ran around the house, followed by remarks from the audience. Mrs. Langtry bit her lip, but stood her ground pluckily. After the tumult had subsided a bit she went on with her part, but the lines led from bad to worse, and the guying was kept up at intervals until the curtain fell on the last act. Talk about bull baiting and all that sort of thing. I have travelled over the world pretty thoroughly and seen a good many barbarians, but the way the audience baited that woman was the cruelest thing I ever saw."

Derby Plug The Coolest And Most Enjoyable Smoke Ever Produced.

USE MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

Special Line of Plain Wall Paper at MELLOR'S, FORT STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS.

Hire's Root Beer

One Package makes five gallons of a delicious beverage.

25 Cents a Package.

COCHRANE & HUNN, Prescription Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Shaving 10c. 101 Douglas street. •

—Garden Hose at McLennan & McFeely's. •

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. •

—A bazaar will be given by the ladies of St. Andrew's Roman Catholic church on June 30th.

—In the provincial police court Mr. Edwards, charged with assaulting Mr. Reid, was fined $20.

—Do not forget to inspect the fine assortment of "Liberty art materials" at Weiler Bros. The finest in the province.

—Twenty-four births, thirty-nine marriages and seventeen deaths are the vital statistics for Victoria for the month of May.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—Archdeacon Scriven, John Anderson, Rev. P. McF. Macleod and Rev. W. D. Barbet have been appointed examiners at the public school teachers examination.

—June 14 is the last day for receiving tenders for a school house at Sidney, North Saanich. Tenders are to be sealed and sent to the deputy minister of lands and works.

—Mrs. J. E. Carne, a young lady companion and a child were thrown from a runaway buggy yesterday on Pandora avenue and had a narrow escape from severe injury.

—A consignment of spring and summer goods have just been received by Weiler Bros. They come direct from Liberty's, London, and comprise an excellent assortment of "art fabrics."

—Victoria lodge, K. of P., have elected officers as follows: C. C., J. J. Randolph; V. C., G. K. Gilbert; Prelate, F. Robinson; M. of W., Thomas Lawrence; M. of A., William Stamer; Trustee, A. McPherson.

—Officers of Sunset lodge, K. of P., have been elected as follows: C. C., Charles Kirkwood; V. C., J. McDougall; Prelate, W. Harris; M. of W., H. Browning; M. of A., Ed. McDonald. The installation will take place the first meeting in July.

—Joseph H. Faraday, of Vancouver, and Miss Sophie Eva Agnes Chambers of San Francisco, were married in the latter city on May 24th. The bride was a daughter of the late Coote M. Chambers, for many years manager of the Dominion government savings bank here. Mr. and Mrs. Faraday will make Vancouver their home.

—The ladies of Canada are now asking for Priestley's noted black dress goods as the ladies of Great Britain ask for them in every dry goods store. They are noted for the satisfaction they give in wear, and for a certain quiet inimitable delicacy, softness and flexibility, which gives a charming grace to the figure, and lend themselves to flowing easy lines in the draping which no other gods can match. In these respects Priestley's dress fabrics are unrivalled.

—On Wednesday evening the Epworth League of the Metropolitan Methodist church gave an entertainment and social at the Old Men's Home for the benefit and amusement of the inmates. A. Charlton was chairman and the following programme was rendered: Reading, Miss Mable Knott; reading, A. C. Charlton; selection of music, Bros. Moore and Oliver; reading, Mr. Whittington; song, Mr. Moody; reading, Mr. Stewart; song, Mr. Wheeler; reading, Miss Minnie Macdonald; trio, Messrs. Moore, Knott and Charlton; musical selection, Messrs. Oliver and Moore; song, Mr. Moody; reading, Herbert Knott. Refreshments were served. At the close the inmates passed a hearty vote of thanks.

—Two men visited the Leander Swimming baths yesterday afternoon and raised a disgraceful disturbance in the most wanton manner. One of the pair agreed to buy a bathing suit, used it, and then refused to pay for it when Manager Macdonald told him the price. Without further provocation the men proceeded to carry on like lunatics. They squeezed out their dripping bathing suits on the counter, threatened to do Mr. Macdonald serious bodily injury, and all the time these outrages were being enacted heaped upon that gentleman epithets of the vilest and most disgusting description, obscene, blasphemous and profane. Mr. Macdonald, whose only wish was to preserve peace and order, treated the pair with the utmost civility and only refrained from handing them over to the police for certain reasons satisfactory to himself. They departed after discharging a parting volley of verbal filth and threatening to do Mr. Macdonald all the harm they could in his business.

—The police station is being renovated.

—During May there were five fires, loss, $15,450.

—Grass catchers for lawn mowers at McLennan & McFeely's. •

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. •

—A special meeting of the city council was held this afternoon. Closed doors.

—Suits reduced from $35 to $25 and from $30 to $20, at J. W. Creighton's, 86 Government street. •

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's. •

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cts. each. Other Stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore. •

—At a meeting of the W. C. T. U. yesterday afternoon a paper written by Frances Willard on attire was read.

—Art cretonnes, art muslin, art silks, art crepe cloth, fancy figured muslins, art serge, etc., etc., at Weiler Bros.

—John Lynch, liberated from jail yesterday, was "run in" again last night charged with stealing a shawl. In the police court this morning he was sentenced to two months' imprisonment with hard labor.

—The friends of "Pete" Blight gave him a reception last night at the home of Mrs. Jackson, Cadboro road. Mr. Blight is about to leave for the east to accept a position with his father in a piano warehouse. An address was presented.

—The inland revenue collections for May were as follows:

Spirits	$3,405 21
Malt	2,093 01
Tobacco	2,640 00
Cigars	284 00
Inspection Petroleum	53 20
	$9,106 82

—Sealed tenders, properly endorsed, will be received by W. S. Gore, deputy commissioner of lands and works, up to noon of Thursday, 14th June, for the construction of a public school house at Sidney, North Saanich. Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the residence of Henry Brethour, and at the lands and works office.

—A change of offices will take place in the city hall. Mayor Teague's private office will be where City Assessor Northcotte's office is now, and the mayor's private office will be converted into a committee room. City Engineer Wilmot will occupy quarters formerly the old reading room, and the space vacated by Engineer Wilmot will be converted into offices for the city assessor and the city treasurer. The old committee room upstairs is to be turned into a reading room, and an entrance will be made from the library.

—Dr. W. H. True did not appear in the police court this morning in answer to a summons charging him with practicing medicine without being registered. D. M. Garden swore that Dr. True had prescribed for him; he had paid $10 for medical advice. Dr. True was fined $10 or in default a month in jail. It is not probable that the doctor will either pay the fine or serve the term of imprisonment as he is now on the Sound, having taken the steamer Kingston last night.

—The lacrosse excursion to New Westminster on the steamer Island to-morrow gives every assurance of attracting a large crowd. There are really two things to be seen. In addition to seeing the lacrosse match an opportunity to see the swollen Fraser and a great section of the inundated lowlands along the river will also be offered. Victoria is placing a splendid team in the field and will struggle hard to win. The Westminsters have a good strong twelve and there will be a great game. The Islander will leave here at 7:30 a.m. and Westminster at 7 p.m. Tickets may be had up to the time the boat sails.

—Below are the shipping and customs reports of Victoria for the month of May. The shipping report is as follows:

Entered—	
Deep sea	129
Coastwise	118
Cleared—	
Deep sea	110
Coastwise	114

Appended are the customs returns:

Value of Imports—Dutiable	$136,822 00
" " Free	116,776 00
Total	$253,598 00
Duty collected	$45,861 75
Other revenues	7,475 61
Total	$53,457 36
Exports—Produce of Canada	$73,025 00
" Not Produce of Canada	12,235 00
Total	$85,260 00

—In the police court during May there were: Drunks, 41; breaking windows, 1; fighting, 2; for lodgings, 9; vagrancy, 6; begging, 1; removing a land mark, 1; Indians in possession of intoxicants, 5; supplying intoxicants to Indians, 3; attempting so to do, 1; necessary witnesses, 3; in possession of stolen property, 2; pocket-picking, 1; malicious injury to property, 1; criminal libel, 1; concealment of birth, 1; of unsound mind, 1; robbery, 3; assault, 7; assaulting the police, 1; obstructing the police, 1; theft, 3; using threatening language, 2; refusing to pay car fare, 1; breach of the revenue act, 1; breach of the medical act, 1; breach of the trades' marks act, 2; and breach of city by-laws, 13.

—The talk of the city is the K. of P. excursion to Nanaimo on Sunday, June 17th.

—B. C. B. G. A. band will be in attendance on the K. of P. excursion to Nanaimo on Sunday, June 17th. •

—The K. of P. will run an excursion train to Nanaimo on decoration Sunday, June 17th. Tickets, $1.50 for return trip. •

—Ah Sing stole several cedar posts from Charles Chisley. Magistrate Macrae sentenced him to two months with hard labor.

—The St. Andrew's and Caledonia Society meet to-night in the hall, Blanchard street, to consider the annual picnic and the formation of a cricket club.

—The new cannery built by the Gulf of Georgia Canning Company is just about completed. The company expect to pack thirty thousand cases this year if the run is good.

Ah Carley, convicted in the police court of peddling without a license, was ordered to come up for sentence when called upon. Ah Carley had just come from China and was ignorant of the laws and had no money.

—The time for receiving tenders for the erection of a laundry at the asylum, New Westminster, has been extended to noon on Thursday, 14th June. Plans and specifications can be seen at the govern. office, New Westminster.

POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

The Government's Cause Helpless in the Fraser River Valley.

Port Hammond, May 29.—The general feeling prevails here that Davie & Co. will be completely routed at the polls at the coming elections throughout this district, and from reliable news received from all parts of the province the same feeling seems to prevail all over. Maple Ridge is three to one for the opposition. Davie's henchmen, however, are still to be seen making mysterious visits on short notices to all parts. We would be glad if some government supporter would be kind enough to inform us on what grounds and what right they have to expect more support from the electors. It is to be sincerely hoped that the inland constituencies will return a solid opposition to the present government. There is not the slightest doubt that Dr. Lefèvre, who is the government nominee in this riding, will have the opportunity of depositing to the credit of the country $200 after the elections are over. It is certainly very peculiar that the government could not find a man in the riding to carry their standard. But it is as we supposed, that there are none here willing to lose their deposit, so consequently they had to import one from Vancouver.

NANAIMO NOTELETS.

Mining Accidents—Almost a Drowning in the Harbor.

George McGargle, mule driver in No. 5, Southfield, was slightly burned about the face and hands Monday night by an explosion of gas.

Early yesterday morning William Jones (a track layer in No. 4, Wellington) was slightly burned about the face and hands by an explosion of gas.

A small row boat containing a young man and a lady capsized in the harbor last evening. The occupants had to cling to the keel of the overturned boats for several minutes before they were rescued from their perilous position. Seamen from one of the vessels loading at the Esplanade wharf put off to the rescue and brought the drenched couple to land.

Secretary W. F. Norris and President A. D. Williams have been taking up a subscription to defray part of the general expenses of the lacrosse club, and so far have met with good success.

Yesterday afternoon a young deer was seen to start from the Green to swim in the direction of Newcastle Island. A boat from the bark Sea King gave chase and ran down the frightened animal, which was taken on board. As they were nearing the shore the deer jumped out of the boat and reached dry land, but before it could get away a crowd of 'longshoremen effected its capture.

Coal Shipments.

During May the foreign coal shipments from British Columbia were as follows:

New Vancouver Coal Co.	29,110
Wellington Mines	23,260
Union Mines	17,046
Total, tons	69,425

Tenders to be Opened To-Night.

—Tenders for rebuilding the Masonic buildings and stores, corner of Douglas and Fisguard streets, occupied by Russel, McDonald & Co., will probably be opened to-night.

RETURN OF THE SAPPHIRE.

She Reports the Seizure of the American Schooner Volunteer.

The sealing schooner Sapphire, Capt. William Cox, arrived home from her cruise this morning. She was reported in the straits last night and the tug Velox was sent to meet her. To use the words of the captain, "the schooner drifted home, and was 18 days doing it." She was one of the few vessels warned by the Pheasant. She had two months of almost continuous snow early in the season, and although seals were plentiful it was hard work getting them. The vessel took a total of 540 skins, some of which she sent home from the coast early in the season. She brought very little news. A report reached her that the American schooner Volunteer had been seized by one of the American fleet for violation of the sealing regulations. Only the bare report as given reched Capt. Cox. He spoke the schooners Katherine and Walter L. Rich. The latter had 450 skins. The schooner Beatrice, Capt. Macaulay, returned to port last evening with a catch of 354 skins. She was warned on May 9th off Cape St. Elias by H.M.S. Hyacinth. She called at Masset on the way down. At the latter place they reported that in April they had quite a severe earthquake. The Beatrice reports the Katherine with 216 skins. The cook of the latter vessel died at sea.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

ROBBED AT SEATTLE.

The Anveck Sisters of This City Buncoed Out of $200.

The Misses Anveck of this city were robbed of $200 at Seattle on Wednesday. The Post-Intelligencer gives the story as follows:

Amanda and Mina Anveck, two Norwegian girls who arrived from Victoria yesterday morning on their way to Norway, were buncoed out of $200 on the wharf at Myer's cannery dock about six o'clock last evening by the gang of rascals that has infested Seattle for the last two years. The matter reached Chief of Police Bolton Rogers about eleven o'clock last evening and by one o'clock this morning he had six well known members of that fraternity under lock and key with his special officers on the lookout for the rest of the gang. The girls had when they left Victoria about $400 in gold and greenbacks, intending to go direct east and across the ocean to their old home. They speak fair English and said that on Queen's birthday while in one of the parks at Victoria they met one of these bunco men, who introduced himself to them, and after a brief interview left him. They saw nothing more of him until their arrival in Seattle yesterday afternoon, when, in going to the railway office to inquire for a train, they met the same man, who expressed astonishment at finding them in Seattle. He had a companion, and after an introduction, they took the girls to a saloon, in which were little stalls, the place they could not locate. After refreshments they offered to show the girls the sights on the bridge. They took them to Myer's cannery wharf, where a third man made his appearance, who at once pulled out the old time shell game and commenced working it with the men. Twenty dollars was first lost. Then ten was won. The girl's cupidity was aroused. More money was needed to work the game. The men inquired if the girls had any money. They answered yes. Then the men said: "Let us see it and we will be satisfied."

The girls opened their valise, exhibited $200, at which the shell worker made a grab and started to run. The girls, who are robust, grappled with him, and a general tussle ensued, in which the girls held their own. At this stage two more men appeared on the scene and threatened to arrest the whole crowd unless order was maintained. Finally a compromise was reached, and the men agreed to return the girls their money. They pulled out a roll and commenced counting two hundred dollars in greenbacks, and to make the girls more satisfied they also gave them a check for $200. It is needless to say the greenbacks were counterfeit and the check worthless. The girls unsuspectingly took the bogus stuff and returned to their hotel, where they discovered the fraud.

They went out again and meeting A. A. Merrill, one of the merchant's patrol, made known their loss. Merrill's partner, D. W. West, took one of the girls to the Northern depot, where they were in time to catch one of the rascals who was about to take a train. At headquarters Chief Rogers searched him and found evidence enough to convict him. The chief recognized this man as a member of the regular bunco gang and at once took steps to capture the whole of the gang.

Until Nine O'clock.

Owing to the short space of time allowed before building operations commence, Russell & McDonald, of the Masonic buildings, Douglas street, will keep open every evening until nine o'clock.

Although it is not claimed that Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures every ill to which flesh is heir, yet, as a matter of fact, it comes nearer doing this than any other medicine compounded. In purifying the blood, it removes the source of nearly all disorders of the human system.

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Is Genuine Unless It Bears the Derby Cap Shaped Tag.

Say Mister!

Have you given that Spring Suit any thought? Have you looked around to see where you could do best? Have you been reading our advertisements?

Don't Get Rattled . .

Trying to answer this fusilade of questions, but come around and see what we can do for you in the way of a Spring outfit from hats to socks

Cameron,

The One Price Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES. ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES. ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

VICTORIA SOAP CO.

ALL KINDS OF LAUNDRY AND TOILET SOAPS; SAL SODA, WASHING AMMONIA, BORAX, ETC.

Office and Works: Cor. Government and Herald Streets.

THE STANLEY HOUSE

BANKRUPT SALE.

Remnants
Remnants
Remnants

A week of Remnants, commencing Tuesday Morning, May 8th. Evsrything in the way of ends thrown out. Greater reductions than ever in all departments.

DOUGLAS STREET, NEAR FORT.

TEARING DOWN BUILDING UP . . . SALE

THIS MONTH ONLY.

Russell & McDonald,

Masonic Building, Douglas Street.

DRESS GOODS

80 Pieces, 4,500 yards, Wool Goods, 10c. per yard. 23 Pieces, 830 yards, 42-inch, Cashmere and Cords, 25c. per yard. 30 pieces, 1,200 yards, 42 to 46-inch, Silk Cashmere and Fancy Dress Patterns, 50c. per yard. 3,000 yards French Prints, 5c. per yard. 2,800 yards Flanneletts, 5c. per yard. 1,360 pair Black Gloves, 10c. per pair. 480 Pairs Black Hose, 10c. per pair.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,

(LIMITED)

VANCOUVER, B.C.

MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups

OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST

(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

SUGAR—Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.		6¼c. per lb.
	Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5¾c. "
	Granulated, " "	4¾c. "
	Yellow, according to quality, "	4⅛ to 4¼c. "
	100 lb Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.	
SYRUPS—30 Gal. Barrels,		2½c. per lb.
10 " Kegs,		2¾c. "
5 " "		$2.00 each.
1 " Tins,		$4.25 per case of 10
½ " "		5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for B. C. sugar see that you get it.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE!

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

ECLIPSES

All Meat Extracts and Home Made Beef Tea.

It is FIFTY TIMES as nourishing and makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

MARTIN & ROBERTSON, VICTORIA and VANCOUVER, Agents for British Columbia.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia, No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

SCHOOL BOY LEGISLATORS.

New York Solons Amuse Themselves in Very Puerile Style.

"The chair begs to remind the members that this is the legislature of the State of New York and not a school room," and then Hamilton Fish, who was presiding over the session of the legislature the other afternoon, rapped sharply with the gavel, and the members sobered down and passed some bills, says the Albany Journal.

What led to this remark by Mr. Fish was the action of some of the younger members of the house. They were having a whole lot of fun with their older colleagues. Taking their "tip" from the leading character in Hoyt's "Texas Steer," they were sending messages to members whose beards were tinged with gray, that Miss Susan or Miss Jennie Blank wished to see them outside the chamber. The rapidity with which these members made tracks for the corridors was astonishing, and when two or more were on the search for Susie or Jennie at the same time the scene took the form of a first class sprinting match. The disappointed look the law makers bore on their faces after an unsuccessful search could only be equalled by that of a man after he had dropped all his money on a "sure tip."

So many of the more ancient members were going out of the chamber and coming in that the joke reached the ears of Mr. Sulzer, who arose, caught the speaker's eye and said that he didn't think it parliamentary courtesy for the younger members to cause such heartfelt disappointment to their elder brethren. It wasn't right for them to send their friends out to find "Katie" or "Mamie" unless she were in reality there.

In fact, yesterday afternoon's session of the assembly was given up to jollity, and yet a lot of bills were passed. The fun began by some of the law makers answering to the roll call in a peculiar way, and it was followed up by the throwing of wads of paper. One poor man acted as a target for some time, and then became angry. He rose in his seat and protested. He expressed some choice opinions as to some of the younger members and appealed to the chair. "The chair will protect the gentleman from—" said Mr. Fish, and everyone laughed and applauded.

A party of New Yorkers which came up here the other day to lobby against some pending legislation affecting New York city officeholders had not only "money to burn" but money to throw away. The members went to one of the leading hotels, and, securing a room, had case after case of wine sent up. With every few bottles of wine new glasses had to be furnished. The cafe ran out of glasses and a demand was made on the dining room. It transpired subsequently that it was not the size of the crowd that exhausted the supply of glasses, but the fact that the members amused themselves by demolishing the glassware. It was a costly proceeding, but the party of lobbyists came well heeled.

PIANOS GET SICK.

Lack of Exercise or Too Much Work Will Throw Them Off.

"Sometimes a piano gets sick," said an expert tuner to a Post man. "This weather seems to give them the grip. Pianos, you know, have feelings the same as anybody. Didn't you know that? Well, they have. This piano that I have just doctored was not so much out of tune as it was sick—run down. It had caught cold from a change of temperature. There has been a sort of epidemic lately, and ever so many pianos have had to take treatment. There are two other complaints common with pianos. One is lack of exercise and the other is overwork."

"About how many exercises should a piano get?"

"In most cases from one to two hours in a day to keep it in the best of health. More than two hours a day slowly saps a piano of its vital energy. Another thing about a piano is that it has to breathe. This fashion of smothering a piano in clothes—I mean draperies and such things hanging down their backs—isn't any better for it than to jam it close up against the wall. A piano should stand two or three inches out from a wall, so that it can get plenty of air. How can a piano be expected to be reasonable, I'd like to know, if it isn't treated like one of the family, and if it isn't attended to when it complains?"

"Why isn't piano tuning just the business for women?" the music physician was asked.

"Well," he replied thoughtfully, "so far as the hours and the physical labor are concerned the business is just the thing for women, but, although they have the ear, somehow they don't understand the science of it or the spirit of it. They don't seem to get into sympathy with the piano. I suppose it must be a good deal like the difference in doctors. Some of 'em understand you and you think you are going to get well; while others, who have just as good pills, don't help you a bit."—Boston Post.

A QUICKSILVER MINE.

The Peculiar Condition of a California Patient.

Dr. Rixford, of the city and county hospital staff has discovered a mine of quicksilver. The mine did not pan out in any paying quantities, but while it was being worked it was interesting, at least to a few, although there was one who could not see much pleasure in it. That one was Robert McCloud, and in about 40 places under his skin the metal was hidden.

McCloud entered the hospital about a month ago, with his arms and legs and some parts of his body covered with tumors about the size of a pigeon's egg.

They were read and indolent-looking lumps, and when the patient was admitted the physicians started in to treat the abscesses in the usual way. They were opened time and again, but to no effect, and the doctors were puzzled. They tried all sorts of remedies, but the abscesses remained and seemed to thrive in their own healthy way.

A few days ago Dr. Rixford and Dr. Gassford decided to remove one of the obstinate tumors, and the patient was placed on the operating table. The usual course was pursued by the surgeons in taking away the lump, but when it was opened it was found to contain a quivering mass of quicksilver about the size of a pea. The surgeons were more astonished than ever and they set about opening all the quicksilver mines on the man's body, and before they got through they had about 50 such pieces of the liquid metal. Every one of the abscesses was the same, with the exception that some contained more mercury than others. The patient was put back to bed, and when he had so far recovered he explained the reason for the quicksilver being found under the skin. He said he was a miner, and for some time before coming to the hospital he had been employed around the quicksilver mines about the Mojave desert. One day while out prospecting he fell over a cliff and landed in a cactus plant. The sharp thorns had pierced him in many places, and for several days he was very sore from his wounds. One of his companions told him to apply quicksilver to the places where the thorns had penetrated and it would relieve the pain. He pulled a loose pair of gloves on his hands and filled them up with the liquid to see if it would have the desired effect with the wounds in his fingers. It acted splendidly, and he made bandages for his arms and legs and fairly wallowed in a poultice of quicksilver for a day. The soreness was gone and the miner went back to work. In a few days the swellings commenced at every place the thorns had pricked him and where the mercury had been applied.

The physicians at the hospital are wondering how the patient escaped mercurial poisoning. He suffered no constitutional disarrangement and the action of the mercury was purely local. McCloud is in a fair way to recovery, and he expects to go back to the mines in a few days.—S. F. Examiner.

Joseph H. Ramsay, formerly of Albany, New York, who died recently at his home in Schoharie county, is remembered as the man who defeated Jay Gould and Jim Fisk once upon a time in one of their slick games of railroad grab. They were running the Erie and tried to get hold of the Albany & Susquehanna railroad, of which Ramsay was president. They influenced Judge Barnard to remove him before the election of stockholders, and they concentrated the thousand employees of the Erie at Binghamton to take forcible possession of the road. But Ramsay met force with force, then won the election of the stockholders, and finally, to make his victory complete, turned on Judge Barnard and had him impeached. Mr. Ramsay at one time was a member of the New York Senate.

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KOOTENAY CROPPINGS.

Sample Nuggets From the Journalistic Propositions Among the Hills.

Freshets Causing Damage—Railway Washouts—What Mines Are Doing.

(Nelson Tribune.)

A grizzly bear was shot on the shore of Slocan lake about a mile and a half north of New Denver last week.

A great deal of work done by Engineer Gillette and his gang on the canyon bridge has been swept away by the flood. The loss must have been not less than $50. Carpenter creek has been an angry stream for the last two days, and the rush of water through the canyon is a sight to see.

Tracklaying has been commenced on the Nakusp and Slocan, half a mile being laid the first day. If no mishaps occur, ore from the Slocan mines will be received on board cars at the head of Slocan lake by the middle of June. Several hundred tons are now stored at Silverton and New Denver.

The men who have put their money into hydraulic enterprises are beginning to believe that they have made no mistake. The first clean-up of the Rip Van Winkle company, on the Fraser two miles above Lytton, was $1,800, an amount entirely satisfactory.

On Wednesday afternoon, at the residence of P. J. Gallagher at Slocan crossing, Michael J. McGrath and Miss Elizabeth H. Carragher were made husband and wife by Rev. Father Turner.

Paymaster Wilgress, of the Canadian Pacific railway, and Inspector Greata of the Bank of Montreal, were in Nelson during the week. The former paid the railway boys for last month, and the latter checked up the bank boys for the last year.

The town of Bonner's Ferry is completely overflowed and the track of the Great Northern is six feet under water. The only ranch house in Kootenay valley entirely above water is that of Ball brothers.

Owing to a washout on the Nelson & Fort Sheppard, several passengers footed it from a point six miles beyond Salmon siding on Wednesday, arriving at Nelson at 11 o'clock at night. The train got through next day at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

From all sections of Kootenay come reports of high water interfering with mining operations. On Forty-nine creek, the Nelson Hydraulic company is unable to begin sluicing. On Eagle creek the Poorman mill has been shut down. On Toad mountain, five feet of snow disappeared in three days, and water interferes with work in all the shafts. On Salmon river, the Kleinschmidt company has to suspend operations. On Sheep creek, a tributary of the Salmon river, Hill & Co. had their sluice boxes washed away. At the Dardanelles mine, in the Slocan, the pumps had to be pulled out. Carpenter creek was never so high, to the knowledge of "old-timers." Cottonwood-Smith creek is a river. The outlet is a lake. And with it all is the finest weather ever had in any country on earth.

Kaslo Times.

Mining news circulates rapidly and mysteriously among the Chinese. As an illustration of the fact about a dozen Chinamen came in on the Ainsworth on Thursday to do placer work on the south fork of Kaslo creek. Some of them were from Victoria and Vancouver.

In the north riding of West Kootenay J. W. Haskins has retired in favor of William Brown, who avowed himself an opponent of the government at a public meeting held in Revelstoke last Saturday evening. The contest promises to be hot in the north riding.

Captain Moore spent the 24th in the city and left yesterday for Lincoln and will go thence to New Denver. He has purchased Mr. St. John's interest in the Idaho. Concentrating machinery has been purchased, and a representative of Fraser & Chalmers, manufacturers of mining machinery, is in the district for the purpose of selecting a suitable point for the erection of a concentrator of suitable capacity.

The vote on the by-law to-day was practically unanimous. By-law No. 18 authorised a contract for electric light and power plant and Loan by-law No. 1 authorized a water loan of [illegible]. Both were carried. Seventy-four votes in all were cast. There was one vote against and two spoiled ballots.

The warm weather of the last few days has brought down an immense quantity of water. Kaslo creek is booming and the lake is rising rapidly, being nearly up to the high water mark.

NORTH YALE.

Mr. Edwards Explains his Position and Condemns the Government.

The following letter has appeared in the columns of the News-Advertiser:

Sir: Will you be kind enough to allow me a small space in your columns that I may explain my position with regard to my candidature for the north riding of Yale district. At the request of a large number of the electors of this riding I consented to come out as a candidate for the forthcoming election, and at a public meeting held at Raven's hall on Saturday night, the 12th inst., I declared myself as an independent candidate. After the meeting was over a large number of my friends and supporters came to me and wished to know why I did not come out as a straight oppositionist, and for the next couple of days it mattered not where I went or who I met it was the same old song. Seeing that there was such a strong opposition feeling in the riding, and having once taken the stand as an independent candidate, I could not, with fairness to myself, take another stand without stultifying myself. So, in order to do justice to the electors, I concluded to withdraw in favor of Mr. McCutcheon, who is an opposition candidate whom I consider a far better posted man than I am, and whose success is quite assured. Mr. McCutcheon did not conduct the Kamloops Sentinel for the past eight years without posting himself.

The Kamloops Sentinel was at one time a truthful and reliable journal, but when Mr. McCutcheon sold the Sentinel its veracity disappeared. The report of the public meeting of the 12th inst., confirms my statement, in which two hundred people or more will bear me out. The Sentinel's report of the meeting tries to convince the public that the sentiment of the meeting was in favor of the government. The Sentinel also tells you that there was no show of hands called for, but those who were present know better, and that the show of hands was two to one in favor of the independent candidate, and I feel quite sure had I been an opposition candidate that the show of hands would have been three to one. The Sentinel seems to have lots to say because I read my speech. I don't consider it any disgrace to a person who does not pretend to be a public speaker to read his own speech. If some of our government supporters who spoke at the same meeting were to follow my example their speeches would be very much condensed and far more intelligible. I read a paragraph in the Vancouver World the other day commenting on our meeting, the tenor of which was much to the same effect as that of the Sentinel. If these men knew their duties as journalists they would try and adhere to the truth. Even if they are advocating their masters' cause, who can place any confidence in a government when their own organs are full of misrepresentations? The Vancouver World goes on to say that my speech was evidently prepared for me. I will give the World to understand that I don't have to have my speeches prepared for me and that I can make a small speech of my own when matters of such vital importance as the coming future of our province is at stake.

I have adopted British Columbia as my home, and have lived in the province for upwards of 28 years, and it is natural enough that I should take some interest in public affairs. We have been lying dormant, as it were, long enough. It is about time that we were awakening up to a sense of our duties if we intend to make British Columbia our future home. I am glad to see that the electors throughout the province are beginning to see their situation. I never saw so much interest taken at a general election as the present one, which is a sign of better times. The World need not be surprised to see others besides myself springing up who can make speeches of their own that might astonish the World.

Before concluding I would like to give the government organs, particularly the Kamloops Sentinel and the Vancouver World, a word of friendly advice, and that is to adhere to the truth, for "truth will shame no person, but lies will shame the d——."

Yours truly,
JOHN T. EDWARDS.
North Thompson, B. C.

A BLIND DRUGGIST.

The Sixth Sense Possessed by a Sightless Michigander.

William J. Garrison, the blind druggist of Wyandotte, is a man who excites great admiration. He was born and grew up in Venor Mich., and came to Wyandotte about two years ago to become a member of the firm of Dorence & Garrison.

When about two years of age he lost his eyesight and cannot remember that he ever saw. He is a highly educated man and keeps himself thoroughly posted on political affairs and all the topics of the time. Besides being a pharmacist, he is a piano-tuner and realizes a good income from his work in that capacity.

It necessitates his going about the city a great deal, and his ability to get about covering long distances and by crooked, winding ways without enquiring the direction is a wonder to all who see him, observes the Detroit News. One would never suspect that a man who moves about with head erect and brisk step seemingly thoroughly acquainted with every step of his path was treading his way in absolute darkness. In Mr. Garrison that indifinable instinct that we term the sixth sense, is developed to a marvelous degree.

He carries a correct map of the city in his memory, and when he goes out to tune a piano he takes his cane and tunstreet and block the house he wishes to ing instruments, and, inquiring in what reach is located, he goes directly to the place without further inquiry [illegible] sesses great skill in manipulating a piano. When his work is done Mr. Garrison retraces his steps without further inquiry, as if the way was a beaten path before him. People often watch him as he starts to cross the street to see how accurately he is able to judge of the distance, and of the speed at which electric cars are approaching. He usually gives himself a block the advantage of a car.

In the store Garrison is very quick to serve his partrons, although he never gives out poisons. He can tell any brand of cigars in the case as soon as his hand touches the box. No man in the city is quicker or more accurate than he at making change. He claims to keep the most exact time in town, and will dispute the time to second with any one. Mr. Garrison does all of his own trading, and the clerk who can deceive him in the quality of a peice of cloth or of any provender in the market must be pretty slick. His ability to get along as well as those who have all their senses is a continual marvel to all who know him.

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SOURCES OF RUBBER.

The Main Supply Comes from the Amazon's Banks.

The best grades of rubber come from the banks of the river Amazon, and we might say the supply is unlimited, but the climate is very unhealthy, and this adds to the cost. The very best in turn comes from the rivers Purus and Maderia, tributaries of the Amazon, and these sorts are used for surgical goods. They are very fine grades, and while their cost is only two or three cents per pound more in New York markets, still, if the demand should increase there would be a greater difference.

The Para grades are good enough for all ordinary purposes, remarks the Hardware Guide. The term Para comes from a large city at the mouth of the Amazon, in telegraph communication with the whole world, and reports from there received daily govern the rubber markets of every nation.

Bicycle men, it is generally conceded, use very freely of Para grades, and few will admit anything to the contrary. Still, an examination of the manifests of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company discloses the fact that Centrals come into New York consigned to a bicycle firm. The large mechanical goods firms are not particular about obtaining Para grades, one house using freely of Madagascars, which, in a commercial sense, ranks next to Para. A great many Assams, rubber coming from India, are used.

The adulteration of rubber is something remarkable, and in order to make it weigh more barytes, white lead or most anything, is used. The consumer is attracted to the product because it is cheap, but he pays just so much more per pound for the heavy minerals compounded. Insulating men use a very cheap rubber coming from the eastern coast of Mexico and Nicaragua. It sells for about fifteen cents per pound, and can hardly be called rubber. Chicle is very cheap and used in the manufacture of chewing gum. The whole subject is one of price, and as you cannot get something for nothing, you cannot get lasting mechanical goods at a quotation which will not pay weight for weight for the rubber supposed to be in them.

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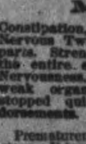

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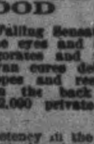

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VICTORIA, B. C.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Shaw, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria, B.C., March 15, '94.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE ASSIZES.

Cases Heard at To-Day's Sitting of the Court.

Mr. Justice Drake presided at to-day's sitting of the assize court. William Smith, charged with unlawfully removing William T. Hardaker's line posts, which had been placed there by a land surveyor, was put on his trial.

Before opening, the defendant's counsel raised the objection that the criminal court had no jurisdiction over this case. If there was any redress it should be obtained by means of a civil action. The court overruled the objection.

S. Y. Wootton, registrar of titles, was the first witness. He gave evidence as to the property and plans produced. The prosecutor, Mr. Hardaker, then testified that he bought the property in Esquimalt district from the prisoner's wife, and at the time of sale no posts were planted, but he had taken his lines from the fence. On May 4th last he went with Surveyor Hargreaves to the property in order to ascertain the proper lines. When the posts were put down he saw prisoner there, who told him that he had no right there and that he (prisoner) would pull up every post and chop down every fence as fast as put up, and then pulled out a peg and threw it away. Prisoner also said he was not acting "according to his own thick head," but under advice. He had the pegs again put down and the prisoner again pulled them out and threw them away.

Mr. Hargreaves then corroborated Mr. Hardaker's evidence and gave evidence as to plans prepared by him. The defence is that the pegs were not lawful pegs and were the property of the prisoner and not the prosecutor.

A. G. Smith, deputy attorney-general and H. G. Hall appear for the prosecution, and J. P. Walls for the defence.

In the Halley case the jury last night brought in a verdict of guilty but recommended the prisoner to mercy. A new trial will be applied for.

Foot and Carter vs. Nicholles and Mason—Mr. Justice Drake has given judgment herein in favor of the plaintiffs. The trial took place on the 22nd day of may. The plaintiffs sued the defendant, Mason, for $4000, amount due under a covenant in a deed dated 31st October, 1891, alleging that the defendant was acting therein on his own behalf as well as behalf of the defendant Nicholles.

The suit arises over an agreement to purchase from the plaintiffs section 17, Renfrew district. The agreement was signed by Mason.

The defense was that the plaintiffs had no title to the land and could not convey. Defendant Mason also said he was only acting as agent for Nicholles. Nicholles denied this.

Mr. Justice Drake in the latter part of his judgment says:

"The plaintiffs at the date of this contract down to the time fixed for completion had power to compel the owner of the freehold to convey. The defendant is a solicitor and prepared the agreement of purchase. He knew what he was buying and what the plaintiffs were selling and he knew the title and expressed himself satisfied with it. If it hadn't been for the depreciation from which all landed property is suffering we should not have heard of this case.

"With reference to the allegation that Mason was agent for Nicholles it is clear from the evidence of Nicholles himself that Mason was acting for him in the matter but it is not clear that he personally had no interest in the transaction. As the contract is drawn Mason is liable. In his defense he asserts that he was agent for Nicholles but the agreement is not so framed and Mason cannot escape from the liability he has incurred. As regards Nicholles he admits that Mason was a trustee for him. I therefore am of opinion that the plaintiffs are entitled to judgment for specific performance of the agreement as against Mason subject to a reference as to title. And I reserve further directions and all costs and interest until the third party action is disposed of."

J. P. Walls and A. S. Dumbleton for the plaintiffs; W. J. Taylor for Nicholles and E. V. Bodwell for Mason.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

A Defendant Criminally Indicted—The Lantz vs. Baker Suit.

Thomas vs. Gill—Mr. Justice Crease has handed down his judgment in this case in favor of the plaintiff. The facts were given in the Times at the time of the trial a fortnight ago. The decree is that the deed in question be cancelled as it is not the delivered deed of the plaintiff, and also that the registration of the title in the defendant is cancelled. Costs to be paid by the defendant.

The defendant has been indicted criminally for the part he has played in this transaction, and the police magistrate of Vancouver has deferred judgment as to whether or not the defendant be sent up for trial. Mr. Cassidy appears for the plaintiff.

The trial of Lantz et al. vs. Baker was set down for to-day before a judge and common jury. On account of the absence of a judge the trial stands over to a day to be fixed. The plaintiffs are suing Col. Baker, M. P. P., for $1000 damages in respect of a contract to work on defendant's mines at China Creek, Alberni. A. E. McPhillips and G. E. Powell for plaintiffs and A. P. Luxton for defendant.

THE MORRISON CASE.

Hearing Before Magistrate Macrae this Afternoon.

The case of Dr. Morrison, charged with criminally libelling Graham Campbell, attracted a large crowd to the police court this afternoon. Magistrate Macrae presided.

Dr. Morrison and Graham Campbell occupied seats in the court. Mr. Davie prosecuted and Harry Helmcken defended.

Just as the proceedings were about to commence an Orangeman rose from a seat in the court and said the Orange Association was an incorporated society.

Magistrate Macrae asked him whom he represented.

A reply came that he was an Orangeman.

The Court—The matter has nothing to do with the Orange order.

Graham Campbell, the prosecutor, was first put in the box. He is secretary of the local Orange order, and the accused was also an Orangeman, but is not at the present time.

Once Dr. Morrison hissed him on Government street when passing, and on another occasion when Dr. Morrison passed witness the doctor shouted out, "How's Campbell the blackmailer!" This was a Saturday evening early in April. Witness had had a fire at his premises early in March this year.

Two envelopes and a letter were produced purporting to be in the same handwriting as that of the alleged libel.

Campbell was shown those envelopes and the letter, and said that they were in the handwriting of Dr. Morrison.

Mr. Helmcken asked what was the letter? Was it not a communication addressed to an Orange lodge?

Mr. Campbell replied that the letter had been refused by the Orange lodge, and was therefore not their property.

G. H. Tesse, clerk at the Hudson Bay Company. He swore to having seen the letter on which was written the alleged libel. It was in the box of the Hudson Bay Company at the post office. He gave it to Mr. McAfee, as it was addressed to him. He read what was on the envelope.

In answer to Mr. Helmcken he said that he could not swear that the libelled envelope was the same as he took out of the post office box.

When questioned by the court he again said it was the identical envelope.

Andrew McAfee gave evidence that he had received the alleged libelling envelope. In the envelope was a pamphlet entitled "The Converted Catholic." They were received from the last witness on Tuesday or Wednesday last. The envelope was marked with a red cross and the pamphlet was marked, "Rev. Father Murphy," the envelope being marked, "Rev. Father McAfee, Hudson Bay Co.'s Store, Wharf street, Post Office, B.C." Written across the envelope were these words: "Returned to Graham Campbell, blackmailer, liar, blasphemer and fire fiend."

These were the words as charged in the warrant of arrest.

Mr. Davie asked what the witness thought the words referred to.

Mr. Helmcken objected.

The court allowed the question.

The witness said he thought the words referred to Graham Campbell, and consequently handed the envelope and pamphlet to him at lunch time that day.

Cross-questioned by Mr. Helmcken, witness said he was master of the local Orange lodge.

Mr. Davie objected to any question regarding the Orange lodge.

Objection overruled.

Witness had not a very good opinion of Dr. Morrison, but had no ill feeling. He was elected master in December last.

Mr. Helmcken asked was there not an election on December 8.

Witness said he could not answer with[illegible]

The court persuaded witness that was no secret and the witness replied in the affirmative.

Witness said Hugh McDonald was master for 1893. Dr. Morrison was elected master on the night of December 8 and Mr. Campbell was elected deputy master.

Mr. Helmcken asked how it happened he was elected master.

Witness said that Dr. Morrison had been expelled from the order, and he appealed. The appeal was taken to the grand lodge and the appeal was sustained and Dr. Morrison was entitled to his certificate. The local lodge refused to recognize the decision of the grand lodge.

The case was being continued at time of going to press.

Drowned at Smith's Falls.

Smith's Falls, Ont., May 31.—Alexander Lindsay took Mrs. Ingram, a neighbor, and his brother's three children for a sail. The boat was capsized and all were drowned.

—The steamer Islander is expected back from the Fraser river at ten o'clock to-night, and while nothing is known definitely, it is expected that she will bring some mail. All important letters where the request is made are sent east over the Northern Pacific, and it is likely that arrangements will be made in a few days for taking all mail by that route. The local post office had received no advices this afternoon.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

WRECK AND RUIN.

Continued from Page 1.

flood news: Kootenay lake is rapidly rising, it being now above the high water mark of last year. Last night it rose 13 inches, and the water is now flush with the wharf. The water rose rapidly and steadily all day, and the general opinion is that it will go three feet higher. The wharf at Pilot Bay is twenty feet high. At Pilot Bay the flood was expected and the saw mill machinery was taken apart and removed to a place of safety. Those who know the district say a saw mill cannot be operated on the lake.

The steamer R. P. Rithet was tied up at Mayne Island wharf yesterday afternoon when the Premier passed west. It was anything but calm in the Gulf all day yesterday. The Premier had a good tossing in the morning. A heavy sea shattered a window in the port bow on the lower deck and the forward upper deck was kept wet by the spume and flying spray. A strong gale was blowing from the north.

Telegraphic communication with Vancouver was interrupted most of the day. At 4 p.m. the line was again in order, and the brief and unwelcome message, "The flood is still rising," was received. No particulars.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

YACHTING.

THE VALKYRIE SPOKEN.

Queenstown, May 31.—The steamer Leo, which arrived here to-day, reports that at 3.30 this morning she spoke the British cutter Valkyrie, from New York, off Mine Head, county Waterford. The Valkyrie reported that she had had a fair passage and that all was well aboard of her.

LACROSSE.

The following is the make-up of the Stars' team for to-morrow: Goal, S. Norman; point, W. J. Greenfield; cover point, R. K. Finlaison; defence, M. Finlaison, W. Clark, W. Stephens (captain); centre, D. Sinclair; home, T. Norman, R. Campbell, C. McNeill; outside home, C. Rookledge; inside home, N. Hardie. During the game the score of the Westminster and Victoria game will be bulletined at the grounds.

BASEBALL.

The Maple Leaf baseball club and Fernwood baseball club will cross bats at Beacon Hill to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

PERSONAL.

W. H. Lomas, Duncan's, is in town.

F. F. Currie, Port Townsend, is in the city.

Mr. Thain, Vancouver, is at Hotel Victoria.

E. J. Palmer returned to Chemainus this afternoon.

E. W. Ruff, the railway man, was in the city yesterday.

W. J. Mathers, Westminster, is a guest at the Oriental.

Permier Davie returned from the Mainland last evening.

D. B. Charlston and wife, Vancouver, are guests at the Driard.

Capts. Collister and Penn returned from Vancouver last night.

R. G. Penn, the U. S. immigration inspector, is in the city.

R. Foster Brown, Vancouver, registered at the Oriental last night.

Mr. and Mrs. Carr, James S. Carr, Dubuque, Ia., are at the Driard.

P. S. Lampman and Ernest Brammer returned from Vancouver yesterday.

W. Warden, Nanaimo, came to the city last night and is registered at the Oriental.

Matthew Gage and daughter, of Riverside, Cal., are staying at the Hotel Victoria.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Press, Miss Wm. L. Press, Miss Belle E. Press, Milton Jay and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kohn are registered at the Driard.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Joseph Cohen, L F Smith and wife, J Dougan, William Cameron, M Jay and wife, A Bartlett, Joseph Miller, F Costrie, J Copeland, H McClosky, Mrs Humphrey, A W Koher and wife, D L Slater, W G Press and wife, Miss Press and sister, L Gerstley and wife, E W Ruff, Mrs Walls, J T Carr, W W Cest and wife, M Gowan and daughter, C E Peabody.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Hon Theo Davie, R Collister, J A Thomson, R G Perin, A T Ryals, Lord Dunmore, M Ireland, J J Brown, D B Charlton, Mrs Charlton, Miss Charlton, H Mann, H Davies, Jas Davies, J R Crabb, Mrs Jas Quinn, Mrs M L Sturgeon, Foster Brown, D L McKenzie, John Grant, J S Danner, G W Hall, Alex Wells, Miss Dicklemore, P B McIntyre, Mrs Evans, Miss Spencer, Mrs Many, Dr Garrow, R T Williams, P S Lampman, Rev T Neville, W Mathers, T L Graham, E Bremmer, J E Scarlett, Max Leiser, C A Schooley.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Porter & Son, B Van Volkenburgh, R P Rithet & Co, Dora Thorne, Brackman & K M Co, P T Johnson & Co, S Shoen, W & B.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—R McDonald, Wilson Bros, Jas Thompson, Canada Paint Co, Nat Elec Co, H B Co, T Earle, J H Todd & Son, J Tollich, J H Falconer, Dom Exp Co.

MARRIED.

[illegible] May 24, by Rev. W. C. Pond, Joseph Henry Faraday of Vancouver, B.C., to Miss Sophie Eva Agnes Chambers, of San Francisco.

When the scalp is atrophied, or shiny-bald, no preparation will restore the hair; in all other cases, Hall's Hair Renewer will start a growth.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum. sold druggists.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has Attained An Enormous And Still Increasing Sale.

NOTICE.

The next sitting of the Court of Revision will take place in the Council Chambers, City Hall, Monday next, the 4th of June, prox., at 10 a.m.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C., May 30th, 1894.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

The 38th drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above society will be held in Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street, opposite Times, on Friday, the 1st day of June, 1894. [illegible]

By order
A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

m28-td

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.,
VICTORIA AND NEW WESTMINSTER,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN ALL KINDS OF ....
GRAIN & MILL PRODUCTS
125 GOVERNMENT ST.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

Spring Cleaning
IS HERE.
PENDRAY'S ELECTRIC SOAP
IS THE BEST REMEDY.

—For the Table—
PENDRAY'S Prize Medal Vinegar
IS THE BEST TO KEEP IN THE HOUSE.
SELDOM EQUALED . . . NEVER EXCELLED.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Sardinian	June 9
Allan Line, Laurentian	June 13
Dominion Line, Toronto	June 9
Dominion Line, Vancouver	June 16
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	June 13
Beaver Line, Lake Nipigon	June 20

From New York.

Cunard Line, Campania	June 16
Cunard Line, Etruria	June 23
White Star Line, Majestic	June 13
White Star Line, Germanic	June 20
American Line, Berlin	June 13
American Line, New York	June 20
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Spree	June 12
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Aller	June 16
Red Star Line, Noordland	June 13
Red Star Line, Pennland	June 16
Anchor Line, Anchoria	June 16
Anchor Line, Circassia	June 23
Allan State Line, California	June 8
Allan State Line, Nebraska	June 22

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

MORRIS' Souvenir Watches.

Get a Morris Souvenir Card. Each card is numbered. Your card may secure you a perfect Stem Winder Watch, which are now on exhibition in our window. Buy your

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

At Morris', the Leading Tobacconist, and obtain a card. These Souvenir Watches are in our window, and are to be presented to the holder of the Morris Souvenir Card corresponding with the numbers that will be selected every week.

MORRIS, THE LEADING TOBACCONIST
COLONIST BLOCK.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

CUSTOMS SALE.

Wednesday, June 6th, at 11 a.m.

"I am instructed by A. R. Milne, Esq., Collector of Customs, to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, the following goods, for breach of customs law: Two American carriages, 1 rockaway, 2 buggies (with top), 1 surrey (with top), 1 road cart, 1 ladies' saddle, 1 Mexican saddle, 2 sets double harness, a well bred fast sorrel mare (to harness and saddle), a fine safe (by Wiltshire). No reserve.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Northwestern SS. Co.

STR. GEO. E. STARR

Leaves Victoria from Turner, Beeton's wharf for Seattle via Port Townsend daily except Sundays, at 9 a.m., arriving at Seattle 5 p.m. Connecting with the Great Northern Railway for all points east. Also connecting with first class steamers for all points on Puget Sound. Returning leaves Seattle direct for Victoria 11:30 p. m., arriving at Victoria [illegible]

C. A. [illegible], Agent.
Office Great Northern Ry., Government St.

JOHN McCALLUM,
The Fashionable TAILOR, 42 Broad Street.

Do you find it difficult to obtain a Suit that in every way fits you, without having to use an outburst of profanity every time you put it on? If so you are the man I'm looking for. I guarantee fit, finish, white labor and moderate charges.

"Humanity is so constituted that it will progress only under the stimulus of rivalry."—Lord Brougham. I quite agree with the noble lord. I like a spirit of fair and healthy rivalry, but when it is carried on to such an unhealthy condition as to necessitate the employment of Asiatic slavery in competition with white labor it is "out of sight" for me.

Why pay exhorbitant charges to self-styled leading merchant tailors for Chinese labor? When you can get the BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET for the least money at McCallum's, manufactured by high artistic experts, trained by long years of experience.

ALL WOOL TWEED PANTS FROM $5.00 UP.
ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS FROM $20.00 UP.

JOHN McCALLUM, The Fashionable Tailor, 42 Broad Street.

P.S.—I'll hae nane o' thae fellies wi' lang Q's workin' for me.

N.B. Trade Mark The Varnished Board on which the goods are wrapped.

Priestley's Dress Goods

A good name is more potent than thrones and kingdoms. In business a good name is vital. The name of Priestley is a synonym for what is delicate, durable and beautiful in Black Dress Goods. In England it is a household word. Priestley's dress fabrics are worn by the well dressed women of Great Britain, while on this side, they have attained to general favor. Ladies should buy no other black dress goods till they have seen Priestley's. They add to an unequalled durability, a beautiful draping quality. Women of taste understand what that means in the success of a costume.

A Large Consignment
Of the Well Known
LIBERTY ART FABRICS
From "LIBERTY'S," London, Eng., Comprising

Art Cretonnes,
Art Crepe Muslins, All Colors;
Art Crepe Cloth, Figured;
Art Muslins, Single and Double Widths;
Light Silk Brocades, Etc.

NOTE—You will find the above to be the prettiest and the most effective goods (of their kind) ever seen in Victoria. The well known Fabrics by Liberty, of London, are always appreciated by lovers of art. Come and See These Goods.

WEILER BROS.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Br. Ship Borrowdale.

Neither Captain Bolderston nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debt contracted by the crew of above ship.
ROBERT WARD & CO., Lt'd L'by, Agents.
m28-2w

ARMOUR'S '49ER HAMS
And Bacon
R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

The office of Henry Croft is removed from the Colonist Block, 72 Government street, to the Janion Block, 28 Store street.

COMOX—FOR SALE.

Thirty-six acres near the town of Courtenay, belonging to Anthony Maitland Stenhouse, ex-M.P.P. Apply to Lowenberg, Harris & Co., Estate Agents, Victoria.
m7-d&w-1m

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.
GEO. KOENIG, Proprietor.
my28-4m

TENDERS.

Will be received by the undersigned up to noon on Saturday, the 9th day of June, for the purchase of 50 acres of cleared Hop Land, on the Mills' Farm, and being the east half of section 11, Range I East, North Saanich District.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

TOLMIE LAND CO.,
16 Trounce Avenue.
my28-td

BR. SHIP BENMORE.

STOTT, MASTER.

Neither the master nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of above ship. [illegible]
ROBERT WARD & CO., Lt'd L'by, Agents.
Victoria, B. C., May 28th, 1894.

EX WARRIMOO
Australian Imports.

Corned Ox Tongue.
Whole Pine Apples in Syrup.
Sliced Pine Apples in Syrup.
Pine Apple Jam.
Very Fine Goods. Prices reasonable.

Erskine, Wall & Co
COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

JAPANESE
Flowers Plants and Goods

Per S. S. Empress of India from Japan and are now on view at the Store, a Fine Assorted Variety of Japanese Flowers and Plants of over FORTY DIFFERENT KINDS AND COLORS of rare beauty. Also a great variety of Japanese lanterns.

For Sale at BAZAAR, 90 Douglas St
A. WANIBE.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.50; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, at [illegible] at very low figures.